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The Bombay Chronicle

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and is full of common sense Thrills. Do see the Diamond from the Sky.

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VOL. IV NO. 258 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS

to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons	From Aden.	Tons.
29th Oct.	Nellore	7000		
5th Novr.	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
12th ,,	Kashmir	9000		
19th ,,	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
26th ,,	Caledonia	8000		
3rd Decr.	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
10th ,,	Khyber	9000		
17th ,,	Salsette	6000	Malwa	11000
24th ,,	Nagpur	7000		
31st ,,	Salsette	6000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
31st Oct	Malta	7000	Malwa *	11000
17th Nov.	Novara	7000	Moolta	10000

The steamer marked * is a through sailing from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 23rd October.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination.
*31st Oct.	Linga	Karachi direct.
3rd Nov,	Lhasa	Karachi coasting.
8th Nov.	Aratoon Apcar	E. and S. Africa via Porebunder.

*Or later, on arrival of the English Mail steamer.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

Agents P. & O. and B. I. S. N. Cos.

Nicol Road, Bombay.

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,

(Incorporated in Japan.)

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departur
Tenshin Maru	R. Ozaki	4173	13th Oct.	th Oct.
Penang Maru	S. Kushibiki	5980	19th Oct	29th Oct
Yeboshi Maru	S. Kishimoto	4098	18th Oct.	30th Oct.
Totomi Maru	M. Fujio	3412	27th Oct.	5th Nov
YamagataMaru	K. Kudo	3791	3rd Nov.	11th Nov.
Moyori Maru..	M. Tsukiuchi	3773	10th Nov	92nd Nov.
Bombay Maru	S. Shinohara	4625	18th Nov.	30th Nov.

For Freight apply to—

T. KAWAGUCHI,

Manager.

York Building,

Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 319,057.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Malay Maru ..	4515	M. Nemoto	19th Oct.	4th Nov
Saigon Maru..	4358	S Yamane	27th Oct.	6th Nov.
Kasato Maru..	6209	K. Hori	2nd Nov	14th Nov.
Luzon Maru ..	4075	T. Watanabe	5th Nov.	16th Nov.

For Freight apply to

M. UCHIYAMA,

Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S

CITY AND HALL LINES.

JOINT SERVICE

HOMEWARD

FOR MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Paris	A & C	9239		16thNov.

AUTUMN SAILINGS OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about.
City of Birmingham	A&C	7498	10th Nov.

Fares.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Marseilles ...	555	883	426	636
London via Marseilles ...	630	1,035	486	726
Liverpool ...	666	99	513	575
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ...		942		719

Special rates by B. Class steamers on application.

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families. Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay:—Messrs. E. Bates & Sons, Agency.

Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ABAD & TANKAHKEE LINES.

REGULARLY TO PERSIAN GULF.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
S.S. Anyo Maru	2169	27th Oct.	6th Nov.
S.S. Mogami Maru	2036	28th Oct.	8th Nov.

For further particulars apply to:—

MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,

72, Apol'o Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF S. N. CO. LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports via Karachi.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck passengers also carried.

Present sailings are as follows:—

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. SHUSHTAR, 2,664 tons, on or about 30th October.

S. S. LAWOE, 2,505 tons, on or about 15th November.

For further particulars apply to:—

HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & Co.,

Agents,

121, Esplanade Road.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000

Head Office:

26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampale
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa.
Tuticorin		
Cochin	Zanzibar	

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.

Agents in Mauritius:

Mouritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,

Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,800,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalue)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Los Angles	Singapore	
Liaoyang		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO,

Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,

Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if the occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,

Secretary & Treasurer.

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... £ 562,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 550 000

HEAD OFFICE.

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor.
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares, and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CE[illegible]TON,

Manager.

Esplanade Road Bombay

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,00
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE: 38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

INDIA & CEYLON.	BURMA	STRAITS & MALAY STATES	CHINA & JAPAN
Bombay.		Singapore.	Hongkong.
Calcutta.		Penang.	Shanghai.
Madras.		Malacca.	Canton.
Karachi.		Kwala Lumpor.	Foochow.
Delhi.		Ipoh.	Hankow.
Amritsar.		Klang.	Peking.
Rangoon		Seremban	Tientsin.
Tavoy.		Taiping.	Yokohama.
Colombo.			Kobe.

JAVA & SUMATRA	INDO-CHINA.	PHILIPPINES	SIAM.
Batavia.	Saigon.	Manila.	Bangkok.
Sourabaya.	Haiphong.	Cebu.	Puket.
Medan.		Hoilo.	

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS.—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER, Agent.

Esplanade Road,

Post Box No. 34, Bombay.

Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Saturday. 10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama.
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,

Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

(Bankers to the Government in Busra.)

HEAD OFFICE 4, Crosby Square, London E. C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad an Basra.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Fransequi, Esq., (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
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J. S. Gaskell Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martin's Bank Ltd.)

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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculadas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,

Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,38,656

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,

Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 21st and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,

Manager.

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out.

They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kaminia Oil.

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DEOLALI.

EMPRESS HOTEL

Facing West.

GYMKHANA. CHARGES MODERATE.

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A PALATIAL RESIDENCE of the FIRST RANK. RECOMMENDED BY CONTINENTAL VISITORS, unrivalled for Comforts and excellent Cuisine. Apply to the Proprietor for Short Guide to Jaipur.

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JAIPUR (RAJPUTANA).

First Class Family Hotel.

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EXCELLENT CUISINE.

ROYAL HOTEL,

OOTACAMUND,

for Europeans and Indians, Centrally situated, near the Government Botanical Gardens. First class cuisine and every comfort. Terms Moderate. Apply to THE MANAGER.

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THE ONLY COMPLETE DIGEST OF ENGLISH CASE LAW, THE DECENNIAL DIGEST & THE DIGEST OF CASES, OVERRULED, 21 Vols. Offered at	350	0
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WITH POSTAGE AND PACKING.

Big Crystal Aina ... ... Rs. 6—0—0
Crystal Aina ... ... ,, 3—9—0

ASHABHAI YAGJIBHAI PATEL,

Post Karamsad,

Via Anand District Kaira.

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ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

A MASSAGE SPECIALIST with 11 years' experience has time to take up a few cases. Apply to Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5644

CATARACT DISSOLVER.—This medicine has restored the vision of many persons without an operation by dissolving Cataract of the eye. Many testimonials. Rs. 2 per bottle, postage extra. KRISHNALAL K. TRIVEDI, Bhavnagar, Kathiawad. 665

WANTED

WANTED—COMMISSION AGENT for the sale of cloth of large local mills. Apply to Box No. 268, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5618

THOSE desirous of joining Mr Kaikobad F. Madan, B.A.'s New Matriculation Mathematics Class should write early opp. Post Office, Mahim. 5735

WANTED by an Import Firm a reliable, and Influential, working Partner, those with previous experience, need apply with testimonials, to Box No. 289 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 5701

WANTED—A first class ENGINEER for an Up-Country Factory, one conversant with the working of "DIESEL" Engine essential. Apply to Box No. 290, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 5706

WANTED—To buy UNIVERSAL PIRU WINDING MACHINE No. 90 of 20 spindles; Drum cheese grey Winding Frames to wind from twist spinning bobbins—Apply to Box No. 292, Advt Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 5712

WANTED—SUFFERERS to use our harmless SANYAS'S OIL, EXTERNALLY for Nervous Debility. Non-irritant, a phial Rs. 2 only.
DR. RUPCHAND, B.M.,
5611 Shikarpur Sind.

WANTED—A SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON (male or female), knowledge of Gujarati essential. Must be able to cycle. One having practical knowledge of eye diseases preferred. Salary Rs. 45—2½—50 *plus* cycle allowance. Apply at once to DR. J. L. PINTO, D.P.H., Surat. 5720

REQUIRED one GARDEN OVERSEER possessing a practical knowledge of gardening. Pay Rs. 25 to 40 according to qualification. Apply to the
SUPERINTENDENT STATE GARDENS,
5736 Junagadh.

WANTED—A passed or an experienced MIDWIFE. Pay Rs. 35 rising to Rs. 40 per month. No quarters. Apply with testimonials to:—
ANJARIA R. GANESH,
Chief Medical Officer,
Mangrol—Kathiawar.
5681

WANTED—An experienced and able SUPERVISOR well up in giving estimates and with general knowledge of paper printing and Job Department. Also wanted a smart and experienced CANVASSER to canvass advertisements and jobs, on liberal commission. Appply sharp with testimonials to Box No. 293, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5731

WANTED—DYING and BLEACHING MACHINERY, such as Calenders, Finishing Drying Machine Ziggers, Kear Hydro Extracter, etc., see or write with their specification and price to JAGJIWAN UJAMSHI Purshotum Building, Block E No. 1, second floor, opposite Royal Opera House from 8 to 10 *in* morning standard time.
5728

WANTED—Immediately a CASHIER on Rs. 70 p.m. with the security of Rs. 5,000 only in cash.

Wanted a MANAGER for Bombay office, who must have thorough experience in banking, exchange, and clearing and forwarding business with the knowledge of correspondence and recordkeeping.

Wanted a BANKING INSPECTOR to inspect the branches. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 215, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5123

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One WESTINGHOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P., 460 Volts, 960/1100 R. P. M. complete with shunt regulator and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

FOR SALE

CLEARANCE SALE of SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Toilet Soaps, Wines and Provisions, at TREACHER and Co., Ltd., (In Liquidation.) British Hotel Lane, Apollo Street. 5661

FOR SALE—One FORD MOTOR CAR, 4 Seater 1915, Model in excellent condition throughout. Electric Head Lights, Complete with Tools and Spares Rs. 2,300. Trial on appointment. Apply to Box No. 1000 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 673

FOR SALE—1 Strong DISTRICT TONGA (Ahmednagar Pattern), with a pair of hardy ponies (Bay, aged 7 years and 13 hands in height), harness and lights complete, Rs. 500.

Two TENTS—1 large sized, single pole 30ft. by 16ft., with a central compartment 16ft. by 16ft. and two bath-rooms 7ft. by 16ft. each; and 1 SWISS COTTAGE TENT, 15ft. 9in. by 10ft. 4in., Rs. 300.

1 Schiedmayer and Soehne's COTTAGE PIANO, Rs. 500.

Apply to Dr. J. F. D'MELLO.
5727 98, Cantonment, Belgaum.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Rebuilt	200
Oliver No. 5 B. S. & Tab	185
Royal Standard Slightly-used	150
Standard Folding Leather Case	100
Ideal with Back Spacer	100
Densmore No. 7 with Back Spacer	75
Hammond with Back Spacer	70
Remington No. 8 Two-colour	90
Yost Visible with Back Spacer	100
Chicago good condition	50
Yost in leather Case good	40
Barlock very good	65

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co.,
36, Church Gate St. Fort, Bombay.
Tel: "Writertype."

TYPERWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Hammond No. 2, Rs. 50, Blick No. 7.	70
Empire No. 1, Rs. 75, Remington No. 7	90
Remington No. 7, with 2 colours	100
Yost No. A, Visible, fine appearance.	125
Oliver No. 3, Rebuilt, Rs. 140, Brief.	155
Remington No. 7, Little Used	170
Oliver No. 5, Rebuilt, Rs. 180, Brief.	195
Yost No. 20, Latest, almost new	200
Remington No. 10, Rebuilt, 195, Brief	210
Remington No. 11, Brief, latest	225
Remington No. 10, Little Used	225

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO BE LET

TO BE LET—"CAMP VIEW" from 1st November, for rent and particulars. Apply to Mr. CAMA, c/o "Chronicle."

TO BE LET—"LA BONITA" on Warden Road, opposite the battery from November next. Apply to Mr. KESHAVJI RAMJI Luchmidas Mulji Jetha Market, Chowk, Bombay. 5370.

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder—Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125, Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER. 706

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

AGENTS are to be appointed in every important town in India and Ceylon with the exception of the province of Bengal, for the recruitment of skilled and unskilled labour for the Mesopotamia and East African Railways and Marine ratings for the Inland Water Transport, Basra. All those who are capable of undertaking the supply of labour and who can guarantee the fulfilment of their Contracts are invited to apply to the Undersigned for terms and full particulars.

J. HARFORD,
Superintending Engineer,
Wadi Bunder Concentration Camp,
5733 Bombay.

NOTICE.

I, A. M. JEEVANJEE, of Bombay, hereby give notice that, I have applied to the Board of Trade under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the steam ship "TAIYABI" of Bombay Official No. 96383 of gross tonnage 3142 tons, Registered tonnage 1960.6 tons, heretofore owned by me, for permission to change her name to "AINSWORTH BRIDGE" and to have registered in the new name at the port of Bombay as owned by me.

Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping, Bombay, within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at Bombay this 26th day of October, 1916.

A. M. JEEVANJEE,
5725 7-10, Elphinstone Circle.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the business carried on by us in partnership with Messrs. CHHAGANLAL BHAIDAS PARAKH and CHIMANLAL BHUDARDAS MEHTA in the name and style of East and West Electric Co., as Electricians and Contractors at 77-79, Apollo Street, Fort, has been dissolved as and from the 1st day of October, 1916, and the said business is from the said date being carried on by us in the same name and on our account. All payments and dues of this partnership should be made to us only. Any payment made to any person other than ourselves will not be considered as valid payment.

This business from the 27th day of October, 1916, will be carried on at No. 32, Medow Street, Fort.

VITHALDAS MANMOHANDAS THANAWALLA.
MANILAL H. MODY.
5729

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

BOMBAY CLUB AND UNIVERSITY ROAD TAXI STAND.

A TELEPHONE will be in communication shortly at the above Stand.

Cars any hour of the Day or Night on ringing up.

Telephone No. 3333. 5732

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the produce of "Khare Chaniho" (Carbonate of Soda) will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION in the presence of the Undersigned at Khairpur-Mirs on the 15th November, 1916. Further particulars can be obtained from the Office of the Wazir either by writing or personally.

WAZIR,
Khairpur State.
Khairpur-Mirs, 15th October, 1916.
5730

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE.

THE FIRST TERM of the next Session commences on January 4th, 1917. Students who desire to enter the College, should present themselves on that date at 10-30 a.m.

About five scholarships (value Rs. 15 per mensem) will be awarded to Matriculates and School Final men. Residents of the Bombay Presidency are alone eligible. Those wishing to obtain scholarships must present themselves at the College on January 4th and should enter their names as candidates as soon as possible.

Paying students unless Matriculates or School Final men are required to pass the College Entrance Test held at the College on January 4th and the following days.

All candidates must pass an Examination in Physical fitness held at the College on January 4th and the following days and must produce certificates of Moral character.

Further particulars may be obtained on application.

THE PRINCIPAL,
Bombay Veterinary College.
Parel, Bombay, 26th October, 1916.
5734

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

FROM the 1st of November next my Office will be removed to the 1st Floor of the Building standing at the junction of Medows Street, and Bell Lane, belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. Mahomedbhoy Rowji, and bearing Street No. 30-32-34 Medows Street, and 17-19 Bell Lane.

KESHAO GANESH TAMBE, L. C. E.,
5687 Architect & Civil Engineer.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISERS are requested to note that the management cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in the "Bombay Chronicle" unless the copies reach this office before 6-0 p.m., (S.T.)

MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."
Bombay, 30th August, 1916.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.

And

In the matter of the HOWARD and BULLOUGH MILLS Co., Ltd., (in Liquidation.)

The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, The National Bank of India, Ltd., The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., The Eastern Bank Ltd., and the Bank of Baroda, Ltd.... Petitioners.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders for the purchase of the immoveable property of the above Company including the mill and all fixed plant and machinery are invited by the undersigned at his office at 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, upto 3 p.m. (S.T.), on 30th day of October, 1916.

Conditions of sale and particulars of the property to be sold can be seen at the office of the undersigned and a copy thereof and also of the form of tender required to be used will be sent to bonafide intending purchaser on application in writing.

No tender will be considered unless made upon one of the above forms and accompanied by a deposit by cheque or in cash of 5 per cent (five per cent.) on the amount tendered.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

If any tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned in full but without interest.

Acceptance, if any, of a tender will be notified shortly after the opening of the tenders.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1916.

R. D. SETHNA,
Official Liquidator.
The Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ltd. (in liquidation.)
5410.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. "DAILY QUOTATION SHEETS" supplied at Re. 1-12 per mensem, Post free. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved securities.

Life and Fire Insurance, effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address.—31, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address:—"SURETY" Bombay

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

10, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

SALE TO-MORROW AT 2-30 P.M.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of valuable handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household (specially made to order) furniture etc., of Lieut.-Col. W. E. Jennings, I.M.S., Port Health Officer.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW SUNDAY the 29th day of October, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Bungalow No. 41, New Marine Lines, very valuable and handsome household (specially made to order) furniture by well-known makers, consisting of dining table, handsome dinning chairs, dumb-waiter, meatsafe, dinner waggon, drawing room suites of spring cushioned sofas and chairs, blackwood and carved handsome sofas, mirror door single and double almyrahs, chest of drawers, clothes hanging and gown presses, wardrobes, sideboards with mirror back, corner cabinets, clothes baskets, roll top office table with master key, easy and rocking chairs, teakwood and blackwood arm and without arm chairs, dressing and writing tables, marble top centre tables, fancy teapoys, hatstands, selected artistic cabinets, teakwood arm chairs, single and double brass and iron cots, electric hall lamps, Hinks and Ditmar table lamps, rich oil paint and water colour pictures, figure of Duke of Wellington,, flower vases, China jars, sweet-toned cottage piano, Rag-o-phone with records, dressing case with silver fittings, one image of Budha, wash-hand table, palm stands, blackwood chiffoniers, jardiners, cane chairs, Durrie and old Persian carpets, ice-box table ornaments, rich platedware by Reed and Barton, glassware, crockeryware, old chinaware, brassware, tree and flower pots, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of Lieut.-Col. W. E. Jennings, I.M.S., Port Health Officer.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

N.B.—The Auction Sales on the aristocratic locality of Marine Lines being held at rare occasions, the collectors of handsome and nice-made furnitures are earnestly requested to have a look over the pieces as some of them are of choice and artistic pattern and specially made to order.

On MONDAY, the 30th day of October, 1916, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard and next to the Great Western Hotel, Fort, horses, carriages and bicycles, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), and new designed furniture and sundry articles, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Furniture, such as single and double mirrored door handsome almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, rich drawing room suites, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, new pattern corner cabinets, revolving book case, glassware, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.).

1 rubber-tyred glass-fronted miniature office brougham and 1 office shigram.
1 rubber-tyred handsome victoria.
1 Arab horse.
Second-hand bicycles.
The property of a Khoja gentleman:—
1 rubber-tryred shigram.

AUCTION SALE OF GOODWILL AND STOCK-IN-TRADE OF MESSRS. TREACHER & CO., LD. (in Liquidation).

Under instructions from S. N. Gazder, Esq., the Liquidator of Messrs. Treacher and Co., Ld., (in liquidation), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will, sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of November, 1916, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the Retail Shop of the said Company (in liquidation), situate at the Esplanade, Road, Fort, the goodwill and stock-in-trade as a going concern:—

The stock-in-trade consists of drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, sundries, stores, wines, tobacco, and also the shop and godown fittings and furniture

The purchaser will also have all the formulae and prescription books including all the recipes.

In addition to the retail trade, the Company has a big business as wholesale manufacturing chemists, which work is carried on at the godowns and which godowns are fitted with the necessary machinery and apparatus for manufacturing purposes.

For further particulars apply to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers
Bombay, 28th Oct, 1916.

P. WARUSAVITANE BROS

JEWELLERS AND DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES.

A large selection of Ceylon hand-made laces always in stock.

CEYLON DEPOT,
Opp. G. P. O., Fort Street,
BOMBAY.

PARISIAN DAIRY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table, Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

AMUSEMENTS

ROYAL OPERA HOU

QUEEN OF BOMBAY.

Every Evening at 6-45 and 10.

TO-NIGHT'S NEW PROGRAMME

London Film Company's Masterpiece:

"V.C."

With **Ben Webster, Charles Rock** and **Edna Flugrath.** A wonderful story brilliantly acted by British artists. The Battlesene in this film is very effective. The plot describes how a young man achieves success in his object of gaining reputation and name for himself and for his family.

Great Railway Drama.

"RIVAL PILOTS"

A tale of a villain's plottings and a hero's courage.
See a man lasso a train from a motor car and climb over the rope!
See a child rescued from the cowcatcher of an express!
Daring deeds requiring nerves of steel actually done for the benefit of cinema lovers.

A Beautiful Circus Comedy:

"LAVINIA COMES HOME"

How the old folks thought they recognised in a circus girl their long-lost daughter: the deception practised on them, and how love made the girl's path easy.

Wonderful facial expressians by a great actress!

BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices:—Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Annas 8 & 4; Box seats, Rs. 2

COMING SHORTLY:

THE WARWICK MAJOR COMEDY COMPANY.

NEW ALHAMBRA CINEMA

NEW SANDHURST ROAD,
Tel. No. 2417.

TO-NIGHT! EVERY NIGHT!

One of the supreme detective drama in four Reels.

MYSTERY OF THE CRYSTAL SALT

and our Star drama in which Grace Curnard and Francis Ford take part.

BEHIND THE MASK

A wonderful universal Production, usual Half Rates.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY. 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

Coming! PEG O THE RING *Coming!*

WATCH THE DATE.

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.

THE HOUSE FOR CULTURE AND REFINEMENT.

TO-NIGHT! *TO-NIGHT!*

A Selig Red Seal Photoplay.

THOU SHALT NOT COVET

THY NEIGHBOUR'S WIFE

6,000 Ft. 5 Parts.

Featuring KATHLYN WILLIAMS and TYRONE POWER, two of the greatest artistes appearing on the screen to-day.

SEE

The great ocean liner shipwreckep,
The water burst into the engine room,
The frenzied crowd jump into the sea,
The huge vessel getting lower and lower,
The great fight between hyena and leopard,
The death struggle between heroine and leopard.

CHARLES CHAPLIN

THRICE NIGHTLY, 7, 8-45, 10-30.
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY.
PRIZE SHOWS at 5-15.
USUAL HALF RATES:
Re. 1 to As. 2.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST, NEXT WEEK

"VENDETTA"

By Marie Corelli.

BETTER THAN THE BEST

BIKSON'S COFFEE

gives you a drink that's at once fragrant, delicious and better than the Best. Taste it.

The Celebrated Indian Confectioner

AMICHAND GOVINDJI

The Oldest and most Popular Confectionery Depot in India.

(Established over Half a Century Ago).
Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaik Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following Certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govindji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, *Chairman.*
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary.*

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various description and sizes.

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALVAS of different description such as (*a*) Mahim Halva (or Viv). (*b*) Saffron Halva with almonds, (*c*) Gummy Halva, (*d*) Rose scented Halva, (*e*) Vanila Halva, (*f*) Muskati Halva, (*g*) Ice Cream Halva (*h*) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous Public are requested to give us a trial.

THE INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE.

ESTABLISHED 1906.

Students coached for L. C. C. and Government Auditor's Examinations in Classes held morning and evening or by correspondence system for L. C. C. only. Terms moderate. Principals: A. J. MUKATI, F.L.A.A., Certified Accountant, and A. S. MADON, B.A., A.S.A.A., Incorporated Accountant, Kanta Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

E EXCELSIOR

GHT! TO-NIGHT!

every evening at 9-30 p.m.

URICE E. BANDMAN presents

THE

BANDMAN OPERA CO.

TO-NIGHT SATURDAY 28th.

"THE BELLE OF NEW YORK."

SUNDAY 29th AT 6 P. M.

SPECIAL MATINEE

"THE BELLE OF NEW YORK."

Monday, October 30th

THE CINEMA STAR

Tuesday, October 31st

THE FAMOUS HEBREW-AMERICAN COMEDY

"POTASH & PERLMUTTER"

which ran for 600 nights in London.

Wednesday, November 1st

The old favourite

"A COUNTRY GIRL."

Thursday, November 2nd

"GRUMPY"

Cyril Maude's Great Comedy.

Friday, November 3rd

"BETTY."

Saturday, November 4th

The Popular Topical Review

"WERE ALL IN IT."

Sunday, November 5th

Special Matinee at 6 p. m.

"WERE ALL IN IT."

Prices at 9-30 :—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1.

Prices at 6 :—Rs. 3, 2, 1, and annas 8.

PLANS AT ROSE & Co.

Every Evening at 6 p.m.

To-morrow Sunday at 9-45 p.m.

EXCELSIOR PICTURES

A sensational Nordisk Drama

THE STOLEN SIEGE GUN PLAN

A great Story of European Espionage in 3 Acts.

Frenzied Finance, Farsical Fun.

The Seven Adventures of

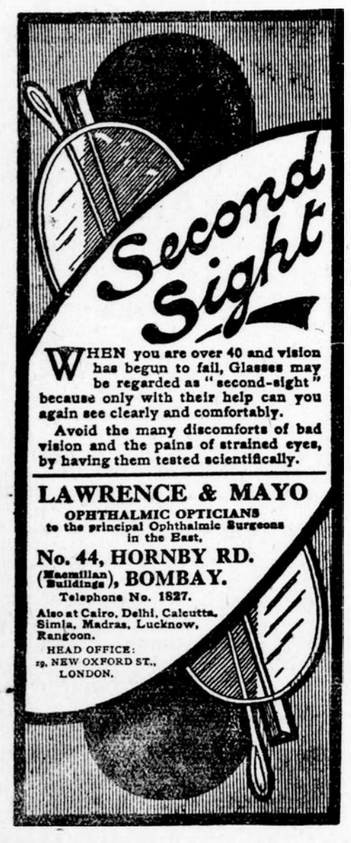
J. RUFUS WALLINGFORD

"THE BANG SUN ENGINE"

PATHE GAZETTE

The latest from Blighty in pictures.

Prices Rs. 2, 1,—8 and 4 annas.



WHEN you are over 40 and vision has begun to fail, Glasses may be regarded as "second-sight" because only with their help can you again see clearly and comfortably.

Avoid the many discomforts of bad vision and the pains of strained eyes, by having them tested scientifically.

LAWRENCE & MAYO

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in the East.

No. 44, HORNBY RD. (Macmillan Buildings), **BOMBAY.**

Telephone No. 1827.

Also at Cairo, Delhi, Calcutta, Simla, Madras, Lucknow, Rangoon.

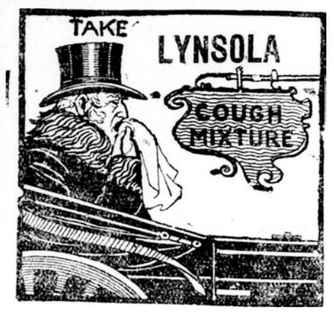
HEAD OFFICE: 59, NEW OXFORD ST., LONDON.

Dr. C. BISON'S SELF-PROTECTOR

Fills up the lost and destroyed vitality, strengthens the nerves, rebuilds the worn-out constitution, and thus makes the living real from unpleasant and tired life. Rs. 3/-

AMERICAN MEDICO OFFICE,

22, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.



WHILE OUT ON A DRIVE

did you catch that cold?

Take LYNSOLA

an ideal, cure for

cough and cold. It touches the tickle, dissolves the phlegm and heals the sore spots caused by irritation of the lungs. It is an excellent lung tonic, free from opiates or any injurious drug, and may be safely administered in all ages from infancy upwards. See the trade-mark of a monkey before buying.

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

MADON SONS & Co.

CRAWFORD MARKET BOMBAY.

Enquiries and Orders Invited

by

RELIABLE EXPORTERS OF

JAPANESE SILK GOODS & SUNDRY ARTICLES.

MARUI & CO.

17, Tokiwacho Nichome,

Yokohama

Bank reference: The One Hundredth Bank Ltd., Yokohama.

Terms: Letter of credit or letter of instructions. 785

PARALYSIS

Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Depressive feelings, Rheumatism, etc. are guaranteed to be cured permanently by the regular use of a complete course of the world renowned

Dr. McPhael's

Nervo-Vitallo Pills.

Rs. 3 per bottle or Rs. 8-4 for 3 bottles and Rs. 15 for six.

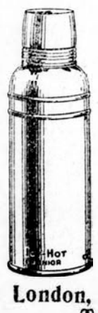
Obtainable everywhere or at

M. T. MADON & Co.,

CHEMISTS,

24, 26, Abdul Rehman Street, Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

ICY-HOT



BOTTLE AND CARAFE KEEPS CONTENTS EITHER ICY COLD OR STEAMING HOT FOR DAYS

Invaluable for House-keepers, Nurses, Campers, Travellers, Automobilists.

Illustrated Price List Free.

SOLE AGENTS:

London, Eastern and American Trading Company,

HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

For Office Suits, &c.

TRY

A. R. Dias and Brothers

(Late of Leach and Weborny)

51, Meadows Street, Fort

AND

18-19, Hira Building, Crawford Market, Bombay

WEATHER REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 27.

Conditions remain unsettled over the Peninsula and in the Bay. Rainfall has been nearly general in Chota Nagpur, west Central Provinces, Mysore and Malabar; local in Lower Burma and south-east Madras. A few falls also occurred in Bengal, Bihar and Hyderabad.

The principal amounts are:—Port Blair one inch; Table Island, Victoria Point, Diamond Island and Burdwan one and half; Bogra one; Ranchi two; Naya Dumka three; Pachmarhi two; Jubbulpore one: Akola and Nizamabad one and a half; Mercara and Cochin two; Cuddalore three; and Salem one and a half.

Forecast:—Increase of rainfall on the coast at the head of the Bay.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 27th Oct. 1916.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to Oct. 27th 1915.	June 1st to Oct. 27th 1914.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.24	84.62	76.18	81.29
Fort [St. George's Hospital] ..	....	....	....	....
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital] .	....	....	....	....
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	....	....	....	....

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 26th Oct. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr....	29.760 Inch.
Temperature of Air	80.5 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.5 "
Dew Point.....	76.4 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.875 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky Cloudy—10)	8.2 "
Maximum temperature of Air	84.2 "
Minimum....do.....do.....	78.6 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight .....E,WNW,NW,WNW,NNW.	
Movement of Wind in 24 hours from midnight to midnight	106 Miles.
Fall of Rain.....	0.38 Inch.
Total fall during month	4.00 "
Do. do. year.....	84.54 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 26th.....	0.20 "

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 27th October 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Night temperature is in defect at some stations.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Night temperature is in excess at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in Sind and very lightly clouded in Rajputana. The air is drier than usual in Sind. Night temperature is in defect in north Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.47 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect in the western half of Kathiawar and normal or in excess elsewhere. Night temperature is in excess in Central India West and round the gulf of Cambay and in defect at Rajkot and Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general except in the south-eastern districts of the reporting area; Jubbulpore has had 0.95 in. Saugoor 0.15 in., Hoshangabad 0.21 in., Khandwa 0.68 in. and Akola 1.38 in. Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity and night temperature are in excess.

The Konkan.—Bombay reports 0.24 in. of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in the north Konkan and lightly or moderately clouded in the south Konkan. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in defect during the day but in excess at night in the north Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Fairly general rain has fallen in Hyderabad and isolated showers in the Bombay Deccan; Malegaon has had 0.11 in., Nizamabad 1.42 in. and Hyderabad 0.20 in. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity and night temperature are generally in excess; day temperature is in defect in the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—The storm has disappeared but conditions remain slightly unsettled in the north-west of the Peninsula, the Central Provinces and off the Konkan. Rainfall has increased in the Central Provinces and south Hyderabad and reappeared on the north Madras coast but has decreased considerably in the Bombay Deccan and the Konkan; it has been nearly general in the reporting area in the Central Provinces with the exception of the south-eastern districts and in Malabar and on the north Madras coast, fairly general in Hyderabad and local in Mysore, while a few showers have occurred in Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan, the Konkan and south-east Madras. Weather is again disturbed in the south of the Bay of Bengal.

Fairly general rain is likely in the Central Provinces and on the north Madras coast and local rain in Hyderabad, the Konkan and Malabar and some showers in the Bombay and the Madras Deccan. A few showers may occur also in Central India West and Gujarat.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 27th of October 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	80.2	62.6	72	0		—0.06
Do. (26th Oct.)	91.0	67.8	24	0.29		0.23
Jask	....	....	....	....	....	....
Muskat	86.8	79.1	76	1.36		1.16
Do. (26th Oct.)	....	....	....	....	....	....
PUNJAB—						
Multan	89.1	60.8	50	4.77		0.03
Rawalpindi	83.6	46.4	51	38.71		15.93
Lahore	88.8	54.3	60	23.58		8.32
Hissar	89.7	52.3	58	19.45		
Ambala	85.9	60.3	82	38.21		14.53
Delhi	87.0	63.7	47	27.76		4.07
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	88.3	60 9	46	29.38		4.37
Mainpuri	86.2	57.4	63	34.03		9.51
Jhansi	....	....	....	....		
Cawnpore	88.6	65.5	66	49.20		15.68
Allahabad	89.9	72.9	66	61.11		24.65
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	94.9	54.6	45	3.17		0.91
Karachi	90.0	65.2	83	21.67		15.54
Ajmer	85.0	58.2	74	27.29		8.24
Jaipur	89.0	54.0	43	23.28		1.39
Kotah	90.0	66.8	48	43.04		16.64
Mount Abu	75.0	59.6	38	33.30		24.54
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	91.0	58.3	41	14.04		0.50
Dwarka	88.6	72.7	60	11.10		—2.59
Veraval	92.2	69.8	68	23.85		6.44
Rajkot	89.2	60.8	48	28.85		3.03
Bhavnagar Para	84.4	70.6	79	19.38		—0.44
Surat	90.9	75.3	86	0.47	55.48	15.37
Ahmedabad	94.8	72.0	44	..	25.20	—3.94
Deesa	96.0	60.2	45	..	25.24	1.89
Neemuch	86.7	65.0	62	..	38.75	11.48
Indore	82.7	71.9	90	0.03	41.12	9.89
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	84.9	72.8	89	0.95	53.85	1.47
Saugor	78.6	70.4	89	0.15	42.10	—1.06
Hoshangabad	87.7	71.4	90	0.21	36.84	10.25
Khandwa	89.8	7	89	0.68	30.94	7.69
Akola	90.1	72.9	90	1.38	42.19	12.65
Amraoti	88.1	74.8	78	..	46.49	15.55
Nagpur	88.6	76.3	89	..	55.45	10.75
Chanda	89.1	76.0	92	..	54.58	5.42
Raipur	90.1	73.8	89	..	36.78	—9.22
KONKAN—						
Bombay	84.2	78.4	95	0.24	84.62	14.14
Ratnagiri	83.9	76.5	87	6.01	138.04	38.98
Marmugao	84.1	74.7	95	..	115.24	28.58
Karwar	83.4	75.2	95	..	130.12	13.25
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	90.2	72.3	93	0.11	23.82	3.90
Ahmednagar	79.9	67.2	82	..	29.74	10.03
Poona	84.4	68.7	93	0 03	29.65	5.48
Sholapur	87.3	71.6	79	..	35.75	9.60
Bijapur	83.7	68.5	80	..	24.14	6.87
Belgaum	80.2	63.3	84	..	39.47	—2.35
Aurangabad	84.1	70.6	93	..	42.90	17.65
Nizamabad(Indur).	88.8	71.7	82	1.42	34.69	—2.90
Hyderabad	86.0	73.4	88	0.20	40.16	13.27
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	82.0	75.1	91	0.11	100.55	—5.59
Calicut	82.6	73.7	97	0.21	95.26	—2.16
Cochin	85.8	73.8	90	2.02	97.05	12.86
Colombo	84.0	77.0	80	0.02	33.40	0.43
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	85.6	75.2	90	0.25	52.57	22.07
Bellary	87.0	72.2	69	..	18.56	4.35
Cuddapah	91.7	76.0	91	..	37.21	13.26
Madras	92.0	74.4	82	0.24	38.13	3.12
Bangalore	80.5	65.4	92	0.25	35.36	10.39
Coimbatore	83.7	70.0	72	..	18.03	6.72
Trichinopoly	93.8	76.1	79	0.04	24.31	6.54
Negapatam	89.7	75.9	94	0.03	23.70	4.56

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 27th October 1916 was 30.004 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decrease by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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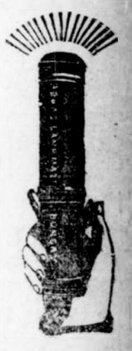

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

(19th Sunday after Trinity, 29th October.)

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral, St. Thomas the Apostle, Church Gate Street—Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham, Archdeacon.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral Lloyd in E. flat Hymns—247, 273. (310, 559) 270, 5-30 p.m. Children's Service. 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticos—Whitfield in E. Hymns 266, 537, 31. Collections for Church expenses. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 4-45 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m., War Litany.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain Rev. R. L. Wormald, 8 a.m., Holy Communion 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill, 8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin. Parel—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon, Preacher Rev. J. B. Glass.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: English Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A., (Incumbent), Rev. C. W. Thorne, M.A., Rev. J. H. Robinson, M.A., Marathi—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A. Gujarati—Rev. L. Hari. English Services—8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Serman. Collections for the C.M.S. Emmanuel Girl's Boarding School Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujarati Service, 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road, Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani), Rev. J. Martin (Tamil), 7-30 a.m. Matins Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 16 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil), 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain Rev. W. A. Sawtell, 7-0 a.m. Matins, 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion. 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral) 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church opposite Prince's Dock Chaplain (Vacant) 9-15 a.m. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion 7 p.m. Evensong Service and Sermon; Week days, 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road, Clergy: Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter)—Clergy: Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe; 6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Marathi), 9 a.m. Matins (Gujarati) 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8.0 a.m. Holy Eucharist and Hymns 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church Expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland). Apollo Street, Fort. Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B.D. 9-30 a.m. (Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland); 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray. 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher, Rev. Baillie Douglas.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church; Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nicambe English Service 8-30 a.m. Evening Service in Marathi 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla, Pastor Rev. W. E. Bancroft, 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder,—Pastor Rev. H. Ingham, 9-45 a.m. Sunday School 11 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 Evening Service. A cordial welcome to all.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. E. Hart; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff: 5 p.m., Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; Sunday School at 3 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission Minister Rev. S. Rahator)—8-15 a.m., Byculla 4-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel. 6-30 p.m. Elphinstone Road, Parel (Tamil and Telagu Service.)

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church New Nagpada Road, Byculla—Pastor Rev. John Malelu.—9 a.m., Sunday School; 1 a.m., Sunday School Teachers Class; 3-45 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m. Goodwill, Agripada 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service, Preacher: Rev. S. G. Gaikwad.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (Opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba, Minister Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 9 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher Rev. W. J. Mowll Secy., British and Foreign Bible Society; Sunday School, and Men's Bible Class from 5 to 6 p.m.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Services Sunday 6-30 p.m.; Saturday 6-30 p.m. 5-15 Sabbath School; Wednesday 6-30 p.m. Bible Study and Prayer Meeting, Pastors; G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi. Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. de Monte, 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Masses, 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m. and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon. Masses 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m. and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service 6 p.m.

Cavel Church, (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa Masses 7 and 8-30.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra 9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-30 Evening Service.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 7 a.m., Mass with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's Colaba.—8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's Omarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar: Acting Vicar: Rev. J. J. Dias, Sunday Services. Low Masses at 5-30 and 9 a.m., Evening Service; 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses; 6-30 and 8 a.m.

The Roman Catholic employes of the G. I. P. Railway will celebrate their Annual Solemn Thanksgiving Mass on Sunday, the 29th October, 1916, at 10-30 a.m. in the Mount Mary's Church, Bandra Hill. The Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will be in attendance.

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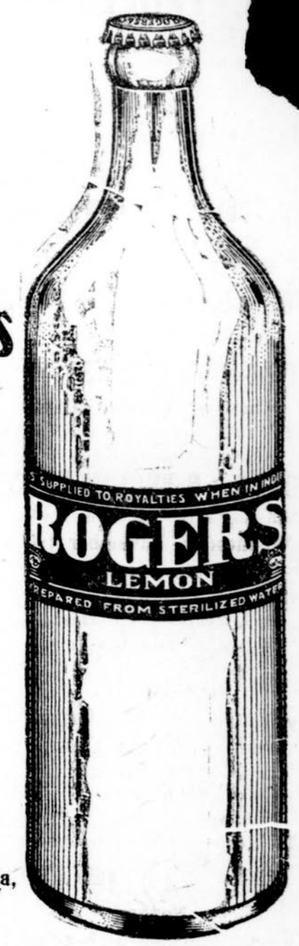

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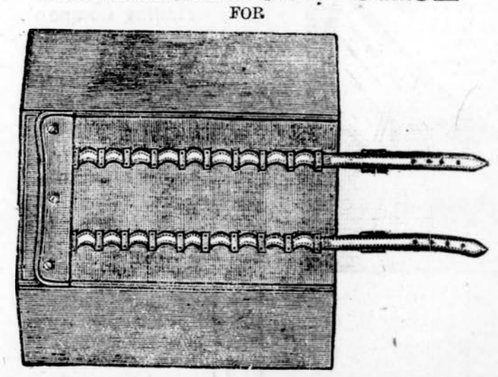
AUDITORS: Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants, act as weekly auditors of the Bank.

5 % Exchequer Bonds are bought and sold by the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE:
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Manager

EMERGENCY CASE
FOR



Tan Cowhide Leather Case with full width pocket at bottom, adjustable leather strap compartments for instruments and with flaps on both sides. Easily rolled up in a small roll.

SUTOR & Co., Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Agents :—The Western India Army Boot & Equipment Factory, SION, BOMBAY.

IMPERIAL CARLTON

AJAX & EXCELDA

Boots and Shoes,

MADE ON THE

NEW LONDON SHAPE.

Smartest, Best and Most Up-to-Date on the Market.
ASK FOR THEM!!

TAJBHOY & CO.,

BARIA MANSIONS
(Opposite Crawford Market),
BOMBAY,
Are the SOLE AGENTS.

GREAT ATTRACTION

ON

Hornby Road.

THE PROPRIETORS OF

"CHINA AND LAMP-WARE SHOW-ROOM"

which has lately being opened at 239, Hornby Road, next to Bessho & Co., respectfully invite Ladies and Gentlemen to visit their show-room. Some exceptionally rare articles, in beautiful Fancy Dinner and Tea-sets, Glass, Cutlery, Lamps, Alluminium and enamel-ware, Toys, and above all very rich Plated-ware from best English Manufacturers are presented to the public at

PRICE EXTREMELY MODERATE.

We are already patronised by many Ladies and Gentlemen.

Accidents happen every day.

HAVE YOU PROVIDED AGAINST THAT?

LIFE & ACCIDENT POLICY COMBINED CAN BE HAD FROM THE:—

GREAT EASTERN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.

(INCORPORATED IN STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.)

Registered in Great Britain.

HEAD OFFICE:— Singapore. LONDON OFFICE:— 32, Old Jewry, London, E.C

GOOD RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

For particulars apply to:—

M. V. MERCHANT,
BRANCH MANAGER,
12-14, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

GUARANTEE!

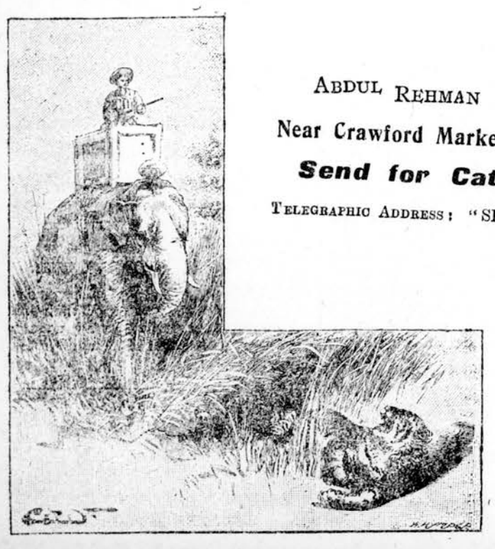
The immense popularity of the Annapurna Cooker is in itself a guarantee of its highly economical and efficient working. It is a real and practical solution of the kitchen problem. It is as useful in the household as in the camp. It is perfectly scientific and very simple to handle. Order one to-day and test it in your house. We guarantee you satisfaction. Prices for 1, 4, 8 and 12 persons Rs. 12, Rs. 15, Rs. 18 and Rs. 22, for Aluminium; and Rs. 15, Rs. 20, Rs. 25 & Rs. 30 for all Brass cookers respectively. For urther particulars and description, write a card to:

Agents Wanted.

ANNAPURNA COOKER Co.
Near America-India Cinema, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

ARMS & AMMUNITION MART.

MAHOMEDALLY NOORBHOY,



ABDUL REHMAN STREET,
Near Crawford Market, BOMBAY.
Send for Catalogue.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "SHOOTER"

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 27th.

Anglier	Winchester	Kilendine, Oct. 4
Banca	Phillips	Soviabaya, Sept. 25

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 27th.

Gracbres	Smith	Rangoon, &c.
Lhasa	King	Karachi, &c.

Oct. 27.

S. S. Kasato Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Kasato Maru (outward bound) arrived at Colombo on the 26th instant.

S. S. Anglier:—The steamer Anglier, 2,648 tons, Captain J. Winchester, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kilindini, which port she had left on the 11th instant, with ballast.

S. S. Banca:—The P. and O. S. N. Company's steamer Banca, 3,794 tons, Captain G. Phillips, arrived in harbour yesterday from Sourabaya, which port she had left on the 25th ultimo, with a general cargo and sugar.

S. S. Gracchus:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Gracchus, 2,410 tons, Captain B. Smith, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Rangoon, etc., with a general cargo and 1 cabin passenger.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 951 tons, Captain C. R. King, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

Friday, 27th October, 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B. Dara	Loftus	J. F. & Co
C. & R. Hindoo	Pearson	J. F. & Co
D. & E. Reunton Grange	Lawson	J. M. & Co
F. Dunera		M. M. & Co
N. Seabank	Cotell	W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Netravati		B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Penang Maru		N. Y. Kaisha
2 Circassia	Osborne	W. & A. Graham & Co
3 Shushtar		H. S. Shustary & Co
4 Malay Maru	Nemoto	O. S. K.
5 Alavi	Wheeler	T. M. & Co
6 Asiatic		W. & A. G. & Co
7 Yeboso Maru	Kishimoto	N. Y. K.
8 Lovaine		W. & A. G. & Co
9 Nairung	Grant	T. M. & Co
15 Kowelt	Wilson	T. M. & Co
16 Taisho Maru		N. Y. K.

H. D. D.

Reading	Williams	W. & A. G. & Co

M. W. D. D.

Salsette	Armitage	P. & O. S. Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

6 Tug Harold		H. I. Dixon & Co
7 Chybassa	Logan	M. M. & Co
8 City of Lahore		K. N. & Co
12 Nellore	King	P. & O. S. N. Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Anglier	Winchester	
Baroda		M. M. & Co
Banca	Phillips	P. & O. S. N. Co
City of Calcutta	Ridoy	W. & A. G. & Co
Glan Leslie	Henderson	J. F. & Co
Diu	Pallett	W. & A. G. & Co
Flor-de-Diu	Aboo	Bhuj
Helias	Berg	F. F. Campbell & Co
Hudson Maru	Tukesha	N. Y. K.
Montebello	Andrew	J. F. & Co
Nurani	Thomson	B. & P. S. N. Co
Pundua	Andreason	M. M. & Co
Rohde	Sura	W. & A. G. & Co
Sarnia	Bruce	P. M. & Co.
Skuld	Gabrielsen	F. F. C. & Co
Yetor Ju Maru	Hirata	N. Y. K.

EXPORTS.

Oct. 27.

FOR LONDON.

Nellore (s) 26 cwts. liquorice roots, M. Jafferbhoy.

IMPORTS.

Oct. 27.

S. S. Chybassa, from London, Agents M. M. and Co.—65 cases cider, 500 cases beer, 760 cases whisky, 503 cases 1 hogshead white, 22 cases rum, 20 cases brandy, 6 cases champagne, 2 cases liquors, 2 cases perfumed spirit, 170 cases mineral water, 4 cases motor car, 50 drums Atlas preservative, 294 barrels 4 boxes asphalte, 7 cases cycles, 26 casks 29 packages 170 cases glass bottles, 16 cases 12 crates tyres, 35 cases boots and shoes, 16 cases chalk, 267 casks cement, 1 case dye, 5 cases motor cycle, 4 cases gelatine, 8 cases gas mantles, 55 cases castor oil, 60 cases bricks, 76 cases photo materials, 1 drum aniline oil, 25 cases tinned fish, 6 casks 15 crates 8 cases earthenware, 90 cases starch, 39 cases cigarettes, 73 cases tobacco, 150 bags farina, 57 cases 50 bags salt, 2 cases earth powder, 1 case paraffin, 60 cases candles, 110 cases soap, 40 kegs red lead, 240 drums linseed oil, 140 cases marine glue, 110 barrels grease, 23 cases colour, 33 packages pitch, 1 drum mineral oil, 1,900 bags almonds, 6 bales 2 cases 4 packages leather belting, 14 cases perfumery, 84 cases 60 drums 2 barrels oil, 4 casks 3 drums 12 barrels lubricating oil, 54 cases 7 casks blacking, 151 bales 84 cases paper, 67 cases plaster of Paris, 28 drums 167 cases varnish, 1,253 kegs 435 drums 114 cases 3 casks paint, 3 casks 2,203 cases nails, 100 cases wincarnis, 30 cases sardines, 46 cases herrings, 1,325 cases condensed milk, 14 cases malt extract, 152 cases cocoa, 55 cases Infants food, 68 cases fruit salt, 5 cases arrow root, 15 cases mustard, 3 cases tinned meat, 52 cases 3 packages syrup, 14 cases virol, 23 cases bovril, 216 cases gin, 21 cases hair oil, 7 cases corn flour, 47 cases sauce, 55 cases jam, 118 cases 16 casks vinegar, 596 cases O. stores, 25 cases cheese, 70 cases hams and bacon, 22 barrels emulsion, 9 cases marmalade, 52 cases chocolate, 541 cases provisions, 220 cases confectionery, 1,156 cases biscuits, 2 casks salamoniac, 10 cases 24 drums disinfectant fluid, 5 cases 60 kegs disinfectant powder, 2 cases liquid preservative 36 casks bitumastic composition, 3 cases hydrochloric acid, 2 cases ether, 3 cases nitric acid, 1 cask calcified magnesia, 1 keg tartaric acid, 3 cases chloroform, 4 cases 20 drums ammonia, 1 drum calcium chloride, 25 kegs 10 cases chlorate of potash, 3 cases olive oil, 154 drums cresol, 66 kegs soda crystals, 2 kegs 1 case 4 casks soda carbonate, 2 cases ethyl cheoside, 50 kegs 1 case boracic acid, 3 cases ammonia carbonate, 6 kegs 1 case alum, 1 keg antimony sulphate, 2 cases cream of tartar, 1 case bisurated magnesia, 2 casks prussiate of potash, 6 cases Epsom salt, 48 cases essence, 2 cases glycerine, 10 cases potasium cyanide, 115 cases hydrogen peroxide, 456 cases 34 packages medicine, 1 case hemp twine, 3 bales canvas, 1 bale carpets, 3 cases cotton and woollen goods, 2 cases white wool, 25 cases 4 bales cotton goods, 7 cases silk goods, 17 cases essential oil, 2 cases cotton tape, 2 cases linen goods, 3 cases silk.

The Board of Trade Silver Medal for Gallantry in Saving Life at Sea has been awarded to Mr. Auguste Mollemans, master of the Belgian tug Louisa, for rescuing the shipwrecked crew of H.M.S. Coquette in the North Sea on March 7.

Accounts of over 800 firms examined and successfully represented by

NAGINDAS AND MANEKLAL

F. L. A. A. (London), F. Inc. C. A.

INCOME TAX SPECIALISTS.

21, CHURCH GATE STREET.
Telephone 2560.

MHATRE'S ART STUDIO

SANDHURST BRIDGE, BOMBAY No. 7.

QUEEN VICORIA MEMORIAL AHMEDABAD.

MEMORIAL STATUES BUST AND IDEAL FIGURES

EXECUTED TO ORDER IN

MARBLE, BRONZE, OR PLASTER.

PAINTINGS OF PORTRAITS, IDEAL FIGURES AND DESIGNS, &c.

OPINIONS.

From the Times of India.
8th January 1910.

AHMEDABAD CEREMONY

Queen's Statue Unveiled.

The cermony of unveiling the late Queen Victoria's statue was performed on Friday, at Ahmedabad by the Commissioner, Mr. Barrow, before a large concourse of European and Indian ladies and gentlemen. A mandap erected in the Victoria Gardens was decorated with flags and the police band was present.

The following description of the statue will be of interest: The work has been executed by Mr. G. K. Mhatre, the well-known sculptor of Bombay. Mr. Mhatre, it is interesting to note, received his early training as an artist in the Bombay School of Art and it was in 1896 that the youthful student first gained the notice of the public by a beautifully executed statue of an Indian girl going to the temple. The best authorities recognised the genius of which this work was the outcome and from that time forward the sculptor achieved many marble successes among his works being as tatue which was awarded a medal at the Paris Exposition. The statue of Queen Victoria is the most important task to which Mr. Mhatre has set his hand. The is one of the finest pieces of sculpture ever executed in India. Many people probably will remember having seen the plaster cast of it which was exhibited in the great Exhibition on the oval at Bombay, a few years ago.

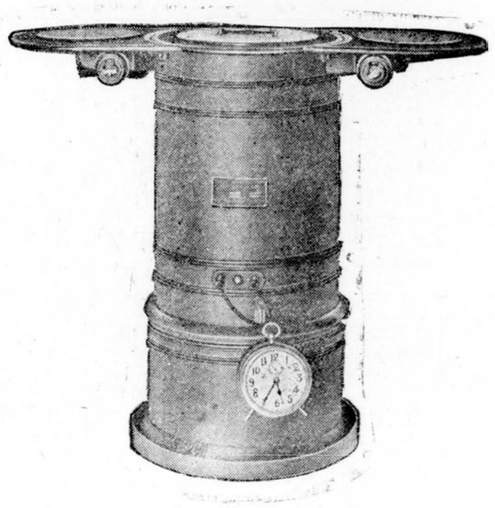
The late Queen Empress is represented seated in a chair of state, wearing her crown and royal robes and holding a sceptre and globe in her hands. The height of the figure is over seven feet and it has been splendidly sculptured in the famous white Carrara marble Mr. Mhatre has undoubtedly succeeded in carving an extraordinary good likeness of the late Queen Empress, in which her Majesty's Serene noble dignity is faithfully portrayed. The details of the statue, notably the intricate carving of the sceptre and the embroidery o the royal robes, are beautifully carried out. The canopy and also the high back of the chair of state which show behind the figure' have been executed in cold-blue Indian marble.

STANDARD ELECTRIC COOKER.

LARGE CONSIGNMENT SHORTLY EXPECTED.

A FEW NOW AVAILABLE.

AUTOMATIC
ECONOMICAL
HYGIENIC
FOOLPROOF
FLAMELESS
THE VERY
LATEST INVENTION.



Gives Better Results in all kinds of Cookery than any other device.

Is cheaper in operation than any other Stove or Oven.

Absolutely Free from all danger.

Price Rs. 300/ (Three Hundred).

Suitable for either Direct or Alternating Current. Stock Voltages 230 & 110.

FROM—

STANDARD ELECTRIC Co.,

Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 372. Telegrams "Armature," Bombay.

Liberal Discount to Trade. Agents wanted in non-represented territory.

K. WADIA, Diamond Merchant,

PURE GEMS, MODERATE RATES, FRENCH MELLEGRAIN SETTING.

PLATINUM AND GOLD ART WORK, GRANT ROAD.

IN 5 MINUTES

BIKSON'S RHEUMATISM BALM

cures all kinds of pain.

TRY IT

Two Sizes: Re. 1 and As. 12.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Oct. 26th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	.. .. ..	10,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	.. ..	1,000
" " Sales of East Indian	..	150
" " Imports	.. ..	16,000
Mid. Americans	.. ..	.11.03—10
Egyptian F. G. F.	.. ..	.17.00—40
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	.. .. ..	Jan. 19.11—54 / March 19.22—55
New Orleans 10 a.m.	.. ..	Jan 18.56—69 / March 18.81—69

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 26th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.
October	10.93—15
Oct.-Nov.	10.93—15
Nov.-Dec.	10.91—16
Dec.-Jan.	10.92—15
Jan.-Feb.	10.94—15
Feb.-March	10.98—14
March-April	11.02—14
April-May	11.06—13
May-June	11.10—13
June-July	11.09—13
July-Aug.	11.08—13

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 26th.

January	16.67—37
March	16.67—47
May	16.74—32

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 26th.

M. G. Bengal Good	7.64
" " Fully Good	7.82
" " Fine	8.00
" No. 1 Oomra Good	8.14
" " Fully Good	8.32
" " Fine	8.50
" Broach Good	10.04
" " Fully Good	10.22
" " Fine	10.40
" Scinde Good	7.54
" " Fully Good	7.72
" " Fine	7.90

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, Oct. 26th.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

	£		£
Total Bullion	56,100,000	Dec.	400,000
Public Deposits	52,600,000	"	3,100,000
Other do.	112,200,000	Inc.	3,700,000
Govt. Securities	42,200,000	No change.	
Other do.	102,400,000	Inc.	1,000,000
Notes and Gold	37,800,000	Dec.	400,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 23% of the Liabilities.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 26th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	59,000
Futures at New York January	19.00— 9
" " March	19.16— 9
Spot Cotton at New York	18.75—35
" " New Orleans	17.50
Futures at New Orleans January	18.69— 1
" " March	18.82— 2

MONEY MARKET.

London, Oct. 26th.

Bar Silver Spot	32 1/8
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England rate 6 per cent. since 13th July 1916.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	6½
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5½
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	6
" " " 6 "	6½
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½
Transfers on Bombay Rs. 1,00,000 @ 1-4 3/32.	

PRACTICAL PRESCRIPTION AGAINST STOMACH ACIDITY.

BY A SPECIALIST.

"Nine-tenths of all cases of stomach trouble nowadays," says a leading specialist, "are caused by too much acid. In the beginning the stomach itself is not diseased, but if this acid condition is allowed to continue, the acid is very likely to eat into the stomach walls and produce stomach ulcer or cancer, either of which may render a radical surgical operation necessary, even to prolong life. Therefore an 'acid stomach' is really a dangerous condition and should be treated seriously. It is utterly useless to take pepsin and ordinary stomach tablets. The excess acid must be neutralised by the administration of an efficient antacid. For this purpose physicians nearly always recommend taking half a teaspoonful of *bisurated* magnesia in a little water after each meal. Large quantities may be used if necessary, as it is absolutely harmless. But be sure to get the *bisurated* magnesia, as other forms of magnesia have not the same action in the stomach as the *bisurated*, and frequently do more harm than good." 5450

M. M. KOPTI & Co.

48, Custom House Road,

Fort—BOMBAY.

All kinds of

MARBLE AND TILES

MERCHANTS and CONTRACTORS.

Apply for Catalogue and Price List to D. P. No. 20.

K.H KABBUR & Co.

56, ESPLANADE ROAD—BOMBAY.

DEALERS IN

COLOURS and CHEMICALS

OF STANDARD QUALITY.

SAMPLES AND QUOTATIONS ON APPLICATION.

HEAD OFFICE: MANCHESTER. TEL. No. 3642. Tele. Address: "CHEMICOLOR"

BOMBAY MARKETS.

Owing to Dewali holiday the Markets were closed yesterday.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Oct. 27th—4 p.m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	40 0 0	6 2 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30 ..	39 8 0	6 1 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	43 0 0	6 3 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	6 11 0	7 1 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore ..	6 10 0	7 0 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore ..	7 4 0	7 10 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	10 0 0	10 6 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	9 12 0	10 2 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	43 4 0	9 2 0
" Gajar 75-25	41 0 0	8 13 0
" Black	37 0 0	....
" Gajar 50-50	40 0 0	8 8 0
Popyseed, White	7 10 0	8 2 0
Groundnuts	43 0 0	....
Mowraseed	4 0 0	....
Jowa	30 0 0	4 5 0
Arandia	30 8 0	4 10 0

Forward.	Rs. a. p.
Wheat April-May	6 1 0
Linseed May	11 8 6
Teelseed White 85-15 Dec./Jan. ..	9 2 0
Teelseed Gajar 75-25 Dec./Jan. ..	8 13 0
Teelseed Gajar 50-50 Dec./Jan. ..	8 8 0
Jowa Oct.	4 10 0
Rapeseed April.-May	7 0 0

PIECE-GOODS.

The Cloth Market has presented a lively appearance during the past week and dealers have been celebrating the wewali with great show and enthusiasm, as the past year has been a prosperous one. The sales have not been important owing to high prices ruling in the bazaar which puts a check to free buying. Outside buyers have been scarce and they have purchased only small quantities to meet their immediate wants. Dealers in the bazaar are more anxious to sell than to buy and consequently speculative transactions have been very few. Rupee rates do not show any substantial change and here and there a slight advance has been established. Some improvement is noticeable in "Fari" Grey Shirtings as also in Dewhurst's "BBB" Shirtings. Grey Jacconets and Drills remain firm and steady. Some stocks of 58 in. by 20 yds. Red End White Mulls are in weaker hands, who are continually underselling. The lot of 84 cases of 40 in. by 18 yds. White Mulls has again changed hands in the bazaar. It is estimated by some of the big dealers in the bazaar that about 50,000 packages of piece-goods are in the hands of Marwaries stored up in godowns extending to localities far away from the market, and these will have to be consumed before any fresh purchases are made. Cotton has advanced further during the week and the price of American cotton had reached the level of 11½d. per lb., and that of Egyptian 17½d. The *Bull* speculators seem to be having their own way at present. The Ginners' Report indicates large ginnings, but this is attributed by the *Bulls* to the rapid germination of the crop due to unfavourable conditions. In consequence of the fresh rise in the raw material the Manchester Market has again become unsettled and prices have considerably advanced all round, making business practically impossible except in exceptional instances. Production in cloth tends to be restricted more and more as time goes on, and certain makers are presenting a stiffer front to buyers than for some time back. As no improvement can be recorded in the bids in Grey Shirtings, more manufacturers are finding it necessary to adapt their machinery to the conditions which prevail at the present time and many looms are being turned off grey descriptions. Shippers have to pay 200 per cent. more for cases and 25 per cent. on bleaching charges and everything used in shipping has increased also. The bulk of offers have almost invariably been found too low for acceptance. The high prices required have hindered progress and trading at these rates is considered to be risky, as the rise has been too rapid and unprecedented. Some Importing Firms who had previously bought on their own account are now in a position to sell some of their standard cloths at rates which are much below the replacing costs at present. As anticipated in our last report, three hundred thousand Lancashire Cotton Weavers have been granted an advance of five per cent. in wages and the war bonus of five per cent. conceded in January will be converted into a permanent advance.

The quotations for some of the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs. a. p.
Grey Shirtings—			
Ralli's Fari"No. 2000	39×37½/8	..	7 5 0
" " " 100000	45×37½/8	..	8 3 0
Fleming's No. 1905 ..	48×38	..	9 12 0
Ritchie's No. 1566 ..	33×37/37½	..	..
Bombay Co.'s No. 2589	44×38½	..	8 0 0
Dewhurst's Rupee" No. 5	39×38½	..	9 4 0
" BBB" ..	38×38½	..	11 0 0
Grey Jacconets—			
Ralli's No. 18 ..	45×22	..	4 9 0
Grey Drills—			
Pepperell "Dragon" ..	29×40	..	13 12 0
Ralli's 'Musjid,' No. 425	26×40	..	9 6 0
White Shirtings—			
Llepman's No. 1500 ..	32×42	..	13 10 0
H. B.T. C. 40000" ..	36×40	..	15 4 0
White Nainsooks—			
Ralli's Nos. 7070/9090 .	27×18	..	3 0 0
" No. 39620 T. B..	38×22	..	4 2 0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888.	28×18	..	3 5 0
" " 60000 ..	34×18	..	4 4 0
Greaves' No. 8000 T. B.	38×22	..	4 4 0
Ritchie's 3500/4510/5520	26×18	..	2 14 6
White Mulls—			
Ralli's Nos. 6/60/600 ..	41", 46", 51"×19		5 4 0
" No. 6000 ..	56×19	..	6 0 0
" " 88 ..	58×20	..	4 15 0
" " 818 ..	39×20	..	5 3 0
Ritchie's No 975 ..	50×18	..	4 8 6
" " 66999 ..	40×18	..	3 13 0
" " 1260 ..	27×18	..	2 10 0

LANCASHIRE YARNS.

The Yarn Market remains firm and steady. The demand is moderate and sales have been on a small scale. Rupee rates have been well maintained in sympathy with the strong position of the Home Market. Very few spinners are disposed to run after fresh orders. Quotations in American and Egyptian Yarns have been pretty stiff, especially in favourite marks. Fresh business is very difficult to negotiate. Lancashire Grey Yarns are quoted as under:—

WATER TWIST GREY.

	Rs. a. p.
30s. "Queen" Ticket ..... (per lb)	1 1 6
30s. Ordinary qualities ... ,,	1 0 0
40s. "Cat's Head" Ticket ,,	1 2 6
40s. Ordinary qualities ... ,,	1 1 6

LOCAL PIECE-GOODS.

There is a slightly better feeling in local piece-goods, owing to the advance in the price of the raw material and prices have somewhat recovered after the recent weakness in the bazaar. A well known firm of Mahomedan Merchants and Mill Agents has come out as buyers of piece-goods and some purchases have been made in anticipation of securing profits later on. This has also given fair support to the market and has helped to keep up the prices, which are still one to two annas per lb. below present working costs quoted by the mills. For different makes the quotations are 13, 14 and 15 annas per lb. as required by the mills whereas the rates ruling in the bazaar are 11½, 12¾ and 13 annas respectively. The demand from outsiders is absent, and the trade that is being done, is among the dealers in the bazaar. The following lots have changed hands during the week:—

1,450 bales Grey Sheetings of "Spring" Mills at 12¾ annas per lb.

300 bales Grey Shirtings of "Textile" Mills at 13 annas per lb.

800 bales Grey Dhooties.

It is reported that the Local Mills have made the following sales:—

3,300 bales Grey Sheetings and Shirtings of "Century" at 12¾ and 13¼ annas per lb.

600 bales Grey Sheetings and Shirtings of "Rachel Sassoon" at 12 1/8 and 12 5/8 annas per lb.

400 bales Grey Shirtings of "Petit" at 13 annas per lb.

60 bales Domestics of "Maneckji Petit" at 13 annas per lb.

20 bales Chudders of "Maneckji Petit" at 12¼ annas per lb.

Out of the above 3,300 bales about half the quantity are ready goods and will have to be taken delivery of at once.

In Fancy Checks the sales have been reported as under:—

700 bales Cotton Dyed Goods, "Barhanpur," at 15½ annas per lb.

700 bales Dobbie, "Barhanpur," at Re. 1 to Re. 1-0-6.

250 bales Fancies, "Casturchand," at Re. 1 to Rs. 1-4.

200 bales Fancies, "Madhowji Dharamsey," at Re. 1 to Rs. 1-4.

100 bales Fancies, "Bradbury," at Re. 1 to Rs. 1-4.

200 bales Fancies, "Simplex," at Re. 1-2 to Rs. 1-4.

The "Simplex" Mills are offering their 15 lbs. Grey Drills at 12 annas per lb., but buyers have not exceeded their limit of 11¾ annas per lb. It is interesting to note that these Drills were sold at 7½ annas per lb. at the time the war began, and this price was then considered to be high. Owing to the high prices now ruling in the bazaar the consumption has been curtailed to a great extent.

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Oct. 25.

The market for Mahurat transactions opened very weak and the rates for both Tata Iron and Steel, as well as Mill shares, dropped like a pack of cards. There was such a preponderance of selling pressure that the props of bulls proved to be rotten reeds and the rates rapidly went low. The Bulls are clean bowled in the Mahurat Settlement and their accumulated earnings of the last six months are wiped out within a fortnight. The speculative activity of outsiders is at an end, and the market is not likely to assume form soon.

In Cotton Mill shares for Mahurat there has been a general decline in rates.

Central India touched Rs. 2,300, Centuries Rs. 257½, Crescent Rs. 190, Currimbhoy Rs. 295 and David Rs. 525.

Fazulbhoys were quoted Rs. 607½, Madhowji Rs. 1,420, Indian Bleaching Rs. 240, Indore Malwas Rs. 370.

Standards declined to Rs. 1,450.

Tata Ordinary fluctuated between Rs. 335 to Rs. 350 and the Deferred shares between Rs. 1,245 to Rs. 1,265.

GOVERMENT PAPER.

There was nothing doing in Government Paper; the quotation is unchanged at Rs. 75-8.

RUBBER EXCESS PROFITS TAXATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 37.

A "Times of Ceylon" cable dated London, 24th October, states:—

The Board of Referees has given it decision with regard to the rubber excess profits percentage basis, which is to be raised to 10 per cent. instead of the statatory six per cent. Rubber circles consider the incidence of the tax to be unjust to absurdity, but that they can only pay and look pleasant.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. CITY OF PARIS.

The Ellerman Lines s.s. "City of Paris" which left Liverpool on the 4th instant is expected to arrive at 9 a.m. to-day with the following passengers:—

Mrs D W Aikman, Miss V H Atkinson, Mr J E Aird, Mrs Aird, Miss A K Ashe, Mrs D Andrews, Miss Barber, Miss Bath, Mrs M Batley, Mrs H Bell, Mr J B Brooks, Mrs H F Bateman-Champain, two children and nurse Mrs M Berthollet, two children R A Burger, Mrs Berry, Mrs J A Betts, Miss J J Betts, Mr Bowles, Mrs H Butcher, Mrs M E Bell child and infant, Mrs Bloor and infant, Mrs Cripps, infant and nurse, Mr N M L Currie, Mr Clayden, Mrs M A Collins, Mrs Cordeiro, Mrs E Cowley Freeman and infant, Miss P Cotgravo, Miss G Deey, Mr W M Dorling, Mr T P Ellis, Mrs Ellis, Mrs L Ewing and four children, Mr A H Fair, Mrs Fair, Mr F M Fray Miss F M Fray, Mrs J G Griffin Mr F R Gantzer, Mrs W R Gerrie, child and two infants, Miss Harrison, Canon Heywood, Mrs Heywood Miss H Hoban, Mr J Hamny, Mr and Mrs H G Houghton and infant, Mrs Howarth, Mrs A M Hilton, Miss J M Hilton, Mrs E J Hope, two children and infant, Miss G M Jeffreys, Mr H P Judge, Mrs Judge and infant, Mr H H Jenkyns, Mrs A S Knowles Miss Knowles; Mr G I Kandy, Mrs Knowles and child, Mr Jan Khan, Miss Lewin, Mrs E S Liddiard, Miss E Loring, Miss M Lunt, Mrs A Lankester & two children, Mrs Leared, infant and nurse, Mrs F Leslie Jones, Rev E Lavy, Mrs Lingwood, Mr Geo. M'Intosh, Mr G D Mackay, Mr E B M'Kellar, Mrs Margoliouth Mrs Ursula W Monie, Mrs Moore, Rev H Martin, Mr T P Merchant, Miss L M Mill, Mr A B Montclar, Mrs Montclar, Mr A Mort, Mrs Mort, Mr M Mahmud, Mrs Martin and three children, Mrs Mason and four children, Mrs J Murray, Mrs B Macdonald and two children, Mrs E H B Norrish, two children and infant & nurse, Mrs Norton and child, Mrs H V Nalty and two children, Mr D C Ommanney, Mrs Ommanney, Mrs M M Price, Mrs R E Parkinson, Miss N Patterson, Miss Phillips, Mrs Puttock, three children and infant, Mrs J A Ross, Mr J J Ramwell, Mr D Reynall, Mrs Roberts, Mrs Rimmer, Miss M J Robson, Miss A G Shaw, Mrs M Shorrock, infant and ayah, Mrs Horiz Smith, child and nurse, Miss Snowdon Smith, Mrs. E M Steen, child and nurse, Mr A G Siotis, Mrs Sammways and two children, Mrs Scragg and child, Mrs Smalley, Mrs E M Stowell and infant, Mr R J Sproson, Mrs Scribbins and four children, Mrs C S W Thomas, Mrs Thomson and infant, Mrs S S G Tulloch, Miss H M Thacker, Mr J Turnbull, Mr M L Vidalis, Mrs F Dare Walker, Miss Wylie, Mrs A Walker, Miss N G E Wanty, Mr J Weatherdon, Mrs Weatherdon, Mrs Weeks, Mrs O W Watkins, Mrs Webb and child Miss E M Walker, and Miss G M Young.

PASSENGERS BY THE MAIL.

The following is the list of passengers per steamer Nellore, Captain A. M King, leaving Bombay to-morrow, for Marseilles and London:—

Mr. N. S. Bawa, Mrs Case, child, infant and nurse, Mr F J Cowderoy, Mr G Curry, Mrs Curry and infant, Lady Daly, Mr V W Dean, Mr H M Dwane, Mr R H Ellis, Mrs A T Gage, Mr E C Mrs Gentry, Miss Gentry, Mr J Gregson, Mrs G E Marjoribanks and child, Mr Mirza Mahomed, Mr N K Nag, Canon G E Oldham, Mrs Oldham, Miss V Oldham, Mr E W Oliver, Mrs Oliver and 2 children, Mrs Paterson, Mrs Priestman and child, Mr Stanley W Proctor, Miss Rylance, Mrs P H Swinchatt Mr Swinhoe, Mrs Swinhoe and nurse, Miss Troup, Mr H A Watson, Mr Boden, Mrs Swan, Rev & Mrs White and Mrs F Giddings, infant and nurse.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 30TH OF OCTOBER, 1916.

BEFORE THE HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON. JUSTICE BATCHELOR.

In the Division Court No. 52.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO ACTING COMR'S. SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT AND FOR FURTHER DIRECTIONS.

12-13-1050-11.—Payne & Co., Tribhownadas M Nathoobhoy & ors v. Kulsumbai, widow & ors, Jeh & Survai.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

FOR JUDGMENT.

179-15.—Captain and V. Birdichand Auraj, a firm v. Nensukhdas Sheonarayen, a firm, Madhowji K & C, Part Heard.

FOR FURTHER DIRECTIONS AND COSTS ON COMR'S REPORT.

914-14.—Rustomji & G. Essabhoy Abdul Kadar Vasi v. Pandurang Shridhar and ors.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINRL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES

353-15.—Motichand & D. Kesharichand Bhanabhai, a firm v. Premchand Manchand & ors, Jamsedji K & D, Part Heard by Kajiji J on 16-9-16.

SHOT CAUSE.

382-16.—Daphtary F and D, Sulleman Haji Essak & anr v. Khema Suttra & ors, Payne and Co., Nanu H & Co., Part Heard 25-7-16.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

31-09.—Tyabji and Co., Bai Moolibai v. Choonilal Fitamoer and ors, Sabnis and G, Ardeshir H D & Co., Little and Co.

918-14.—M B Chothia, Dwarkadas Mohunji v. M Allabux & Co., a firm, Payne and Co.

1307-15.—Wadia G and Co., Taher & Co., a firm v. Vishwanath Kushaba Teli, D J Mantri.

747-15.—Mad K & Co, Bhawanji Shivji v. Miya Sidhi Mahomed Sidhi Abdul Aziz Shaiknam, Sabnis & G.

561-14.—Payne & Co., Shanker Chimnaji v. Ramchandra Balaram, Matu J & M.

FOR RE-HEARING.

685-15.—G B Pandya (For a pauper), Mogal Hasan Hoosein v. Mogal Hassan Ramzan, As per Ap. Cts Or 17-7-16.

LONG CAUSES.

387-14.—Mulji & Th, Fazulbhai Peer Mahomed v. Manchershaw Dadabhai Burjorji Wadia and anr, Manecklal and Co, Wadia G & Co.

1402-14.—Amin and Desai, Harilal Keshowlal, a firm v. Keshowlal Hathibhai, Edglow G W & Co., Tyabji D & Co.

191-15.—Payne and Co., S Narayan & Co., a firm v. Harjiwandas Jaichand and ors, Tyabji D and Co., Amin and D, Edgelow G W & Co.

848-15.—Payne and Co., Hyderally Goolam Hoosein Bhimji v. Fazal Bhimji & ors, Edgelow G W & Co., Mulji and Tha.

182-14.—Edgelow G W & Co., Bhaichand Kalyanchand v. Oomar Haji Sumar and ors, Patell and Eze, Motichand and D.

648-15.—D J Mantri, Pundlik Rowji v. Laxuman Jairam, Patell & Ez.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

TO SPEAK TO THE MINUTES OF DECREE.

832-16.—Kharao & Co., Gordhandas Khatao v. Manilal Maganlal & ors, Hiralal & Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAP DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

44-15.—Crawford B & Co., Abdul Sakoor Haji Rahimtulla v. Hormusji N. Vakil & ors, Payne and Co., Ardeshir H D & Co.

890-15.—Khanderao L & M, Chandrabhagabai, widow, & ors v. Champubai & anr, Subnis and Gore, Mehta D and L.

35-16.—Madhowji K & Co, Manibai, widow, & anr v. Sha Dewji Bhima & ors, Amin and D.

49-16.—Purnanand & Co., Mahomed Hasan bin Mahomed Ebrahim Mukhtabe & anr v. Haji Abdoola bin Baboo, Jamsetji R and D.

298-16.—Matubhai J & M, Ismailbhoy Dharamsey & anr v. Peermahomed Rahim & anr.

182-16.—Jamsetji R and D, Fatmabai, widow & anr v. Tyebally Abdul Husein & ors, Payne and Co., Unwalla P and P.

755-15.—Crawford B & Co., Rai Oomabai, widow v. Yeshwantrao Ghanasham Nadkarni and ors, Chitnis M and K, Smetham B & Co.

1359-15.—Mans H M & Co., Shrikrishna Dinanath Dandekar & ors v. Dinanath Balkrishna Daneker and ors, Dubash & Co., Ardeshir H D & Co., Bhaishanker K & G, Matubhai J & M, Tyabji D and Co.

483-16.—Captain & V, Sulleman Meghji v. Haji Ebrahim Elias, Mulla & M.

1102-15.—Captain & V, Bai Passi, widow v. Amratlal Baldevdas & anr, Soonderdas & Co.

1327-15.—Captain & V, Haji Noor Mahomed Cassam Mitha v. Currimbhai Lalji Sajan & anr, Matu J & M.

1322-15.—Manecklal & Co., Dhanjishaw Dadabhoy Chimmini v. Sorabji Framji & anr, Ard H D & Co., Purnanand & Co.

12-16.—Matichand & D, Bhabhutmal Sardarmal & anr v. Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper, Mulla & M.

107-16.—C P D'Cunha, Pandurang Balcrishna Pathat v. Vinayak Pandurang Gothaskar, & anr, Ragh N & Co.

125-16.—Khan L & M, Ramchandra Krishnarao Telang & ors, Udhavji Dhanjishai, Edg G W & Co.

53-16.—Malvi H M & R, Shankarlal Liladhar v. Messrs. Ebji Umersi, a firm, & anr, Bhaik & G.

501-16.—Nadersha & D, Dinbai, widow v. Cursetji Byramji Daroowalla, Crawford B & Co.

172-16.—Matu J & M, Hooseinaboo v. Mahomedally Ahmedally, Mirza M & M.

321-16.—Tyabji D & Co., A H Vishram v. The Hon'ble Mr. Haji Sulleman Abdul Wahed & ors, Patell & Ez.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KEMP.

In the Division Court No. 40.

FOR DECREE ABSOLUTE.

692-15.—Payne and Co., Khimji Assur Virji v. Venkatrao Sethupatty & ors, Daphtary F and D, Khavas & Co.

453-16.—Madhowji K & C, Damodhar Anandji, a firm v. Dhirajlal Bhimbhai & anr, Mirza M and M.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

SHORT CAUSES.

993-16.—Little & Co., Messrs. Wyld & Co., a firm v. S Harichand, M B Chothia, Part Heard, 10-10-16.

791-16.—Chitnis M & K, Mahadev Rajaram Bodas v. Bhaskerrao Hari Patwardhan & anr.

LONG CAUSES.

470-11.—Bhaishanker K & G, Rambalabh Harmukhrai v. Gopiram Harmukhrai, and ors, Soonderdas & Co., Part Heard 5-10-16.

713-16.—Motichand & D, A L Ferreira v. Tulsidas Tejpal, Jam R & D, Part Heard, 7-9-16.

TESTAMENTARY SUIT.

11-16.—Merwanji K & Co., Champoobai, widow v. Mathurabai, widow, and ors, Rustomji and G, Manchershaw & N.

LONG CAUSES.

614-15.—Little & Co., The Tata Hydro Electric Power Supply Co., Ld v. The Alliance Cotton Marg Co., Ltd.

55-16.—Unwalla P and P, Haji Aboo Haji Noor Mahomed Cassam v. Fatmabai, widow, & ors, Pandia and Co.

808-15.—Captain and V, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Abdul Rehman Haji Goolam Hoosein and ors, Payne and Co.

187-16.—Surajmal & Co., Ramji Gopalji v. Shivji Hirji and anr.

146-16.—Wadia G & Co., Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart., and ors v. Dadabhoy Nasserwanji J Wadia, Bhimji and Co.

224-16.—Mehta D & L, Bibi Mariam Sultan, widow and anr v. Ago Ali Asgar Bin Aga Mahomed Jewad Yzdi alias Goorji, Mirza M and M.

554-16.—Daphtary F & D, Aai Kamlabai alias Kamlabai, widow & anr v. Hirji Shivji Sunderji and anr, Smetham B and Co.

554-15.—Ardeshir H D & Co., Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal v. The Poona Cotton & Silk Mfg Co., in Liquidation and ors, Bhaishanker K & G, Ardeshir H D & Co.

Right from the Start!
As soon as baby has any teeth, it is time to see they are kept clean. The delicious flavour of COLGATE'S Ribbon Dental Cream encourages children to form a healthful daily habit.—
You, too, should use
COLGATE'S
RIBBON DENTAL CREAM
The name COLGATE on all toilet articles corresponds to the HALL MARK on silver.
INSIST ON COLGATE'S. At all good Shops and Stores.

THE EVIL EYE.

LITTLE CHARMS THE LONDONER STILL BELIEVES IN.

A special collection made in London of lucky charms and mascots, exhibited at the Wellcome Historical Museum. Wigmore-street, during mail week shows how difficult it will be ever to get rid of the aboriginal darkness of the mind. "For instance," said Mr. Edward Lovett (that indefatigable collector of old brain lumber) to a "Daily News" visitor, "look at these tassels." He pointed to a decoration in silk on my umbrella. "You see, those tassels are shaped like acorns. They are to protect you against lightning. The oak was sacred to the god of thunder, and the acorn naturally suggested itself as a charm. You find it still on blind cords and the ends of cornice poles."

The collector produced a little wooden doll. "Before the war," he said, "these were commonly sold in the poorer parts of London districts rich in old beliefs. They were sometimes even placed in the coffin with a child. I find it is not unusual for Londoners to-day to bury with the dead child its favourite plaything. I know of a case in which the little girl's pet canary was killed and stuffed for that purpose. They did that in Egypt, too, before the Pharaohs. We find our prehistoric ancestors did it. And they do it to-day, you see, in London."

The war has caused a revival in superstitions that had lapsed. There is the child's caul, which kept you from being drowned. In Nelson's day they commonly sold for £20. But with steamships, which increased the safety of sea voyages, they could be purchased for 1s. 6d. Submarines, however, have sent them up to £2 10s. There are blue glass beads, to be purchased in the East End, which arm you against bronchitis, knuckle bones for rheumatism, horse-shoes against nightmare, charms against the evil eye, and cat skins for rheumatism.

WAITRESSES IN LONDON RESTAURANTS.

The waitresses who have released men and taken their places in restaurants are doing great work, and many of them are doing it very well indeed. But, says "Dagonet" in "The Referee," the new waitress is not quite the old waiter yet. She will be in time, but there is one thing in which the difference is still apparent. The waiter who knew his business anticipated your needs. The waitress waits till you call her. Intelligent anticipation is one of the first essentials of good waiting.

VAJIKARAN

THE LEADING NERVINE TONIC.

Gives splendid vigour and vitality and Cure, Nervous and functional debility. Re. 1-8-0.

SAPAT & CO. KALBADEVI BOMBAY

SWISS SUN CURE FOR BRITISH WOUNDED.

NEW BONES FORMED.

Mr. J. C. Segrue, special correspondent of the "Daily News and Leader," writing from Chateau D'Oex, on September 25, says:—

It is now possible, four months after the arrival of the first party of British wounded and invalid soldiers, to form an estimate of the benefit accruing from their stay among the Swiss mountains. At Leysin the consumptive cases, thanks to the rarified air, the continuous sunshine, and the skilled medical attention, are making greater progress than was anticipated.

"Men are putting on weight rapidly there," Colonel Hauser, the chief doctor of the Swiss Army, said to me, "and the reports generally which reach me are most encouraging. But victory over this disease can only be very slow. Go to Chateau d'Oex, for there at least you will see hundreds of British soldiers who reached us human wrecks in many cases to-day almost as physically fit and mentally alert as when they first crossed the Channel at the beginning of the war."

There are about 500 officers and men undergoing treatment at this picturesque mountain resort, and apart from cases of insanity and cancer—which are not admitted into Switzerland—almost every medical ailment—common and obscure—known to the profession is encountered. Surgical cases, wounds, fractures, and the like form a not inconsiderable proportion of the total.

SUN THE CHIEF HEALER.

In the absence of Captain Delachaux, the head doctor at the station, I was conducted over the principal clinics by Dr. Brustlein, the chief surgeon.

"There is our chief physician," said Dr. Brustlein, pointing to the sun, then at its moment of zenith. "The sun," he said, "is responsible for some really remarkable cures here. Sun treatment is not a novelty in medicine, but never before has any organised attempt been made to adopt it for wounds, fractures, and other surgical cases. What doctor a few years back would have imagined that the sun could reform lost bones? Yet this miracle is actually being performed in the case of British soldiers interned here."

The process of bone formation by the sun, to which Dr. Brustlein referred, is, of course, extremely slow, but the fact remains that bones shattered by shell or surgically removed are being replaced by new bone substances. The rule "no bandage" is strictly in force at the clinics, and wounds after many months' ineffective treatment in Germany are speedily healed after exposure to the rays of the sun. Splinters and minute particles of shell whose presence in the body had defied detection by the Rontgen rays are not only detected but actually loosened and eventually removed by the sun, while defective blood circulation, frequently occasioned by bullet wounds, is remedied. The sun regime is a severe one, and patients who now spend the whole day basking in the sunshine began by merely undergoing a few minutes' exposure at sunset or sunrise.

RE-FORMING LOST BONES.

The following three cases were quoted by Dr. Brustlein:

An Irish soldier arrived at Chateau d'Oex with a fracture in one of the principal bones of the left arm which had defied treatment by several eminent German surgeons. Examination at Chateau d'Oex showed that portions of the bone were missing, and to-day a new bone has been formed, and save for a little stiffness the arm is almost normal.

A Scotsman arrived with his right side paralysed—a condition due to nervous shock. Daily exposure to the sun during the month following arrival entirely removed the paralysis and transformed the moody Scotsman into the most pronounced of optimists.

An officer who lost a shinbone "somewhere in France" is now watching the interesting process of the formation of a new bone. The doctors believe that the leg will be entirely restored before Christmas.

Dr. Brustlein and his colleagues speak in terms of high praise of their patients, who are, moreover, extremely popular with the inhabitants of Chateau d'Oex and district.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free from MARTIN, Medical, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 2nd of Kartik Sud, 1973.
Mahomedan: 28th of Jelhaj, 1334.
Parsi: 15th of Ardibehest, 1286.
Sunrise: 6h. 36m.; Sunset: 6h. 10m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co. "The Belle of New York."

SUNDAY, Oct. 29th.

Bandman Opera Co. Matinee at 6 p.m. "The Belle of New York."

MONDAY, Oct 30th.

Bandman Opera Co. "The Cinema Star."

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: H. M. Government War films "Britain Prepared" at 6 and Bandman Opera Co. at 9-30.
New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 **and 10 p.m.**
Royal Opera House, Queen's Road, 6-45 and 10-0 p.m.
West End Cinema, Charni Road, 6-30, 8-45 and 11 p.m.

1ST TROOP BOMBAY BADEN POWELL BOY SCOUTS.

Orders for the week ending November 4th 1916:—

Wednesday November 1st:—Plain clothes parade on the Oval at 5-30 p.m. Drill and Ambulance Work. Cubs signalling.

Saturday November 4th:—Uniform parade on the Oval at 4 p.m. Field work and Scout Games.

Band practice on Thursdays at A.S.M.'s house at 6 p.m. Those wishing to join will please notify their Patrol Leaders.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

October 26.

Orderly N. C. Officers for the week ending 4th November, 1916:—

Sergt. C. H. Hewlett and Lance-Corpl. J. S. Gratton.

Riding School.—Riding School daily except Thursday for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts 7-15 a.m.

Signalling Class.—Will not be held during the week.

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade on Thursday morning next, the 2nd November. Rendezvous Church Gate Station, 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Drill order, khaki shirts, Rifles, Swords and Bandoliers.

Issue of Arms.—Members who have not already drawn their Arms are requested to do so immediately between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Promotions.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions dated 11th October 1916:—

Sergeant R. C. Lowndes "D" Troop to be Squadron Sergt.-Major.

Lance-Corpls. L. W. A. Herbert and F. Hearson "D" Troop to be Corporals.

Lecture.—The lecture on Reconnaissance advertised for Wednesday the 1st November is postponed to Wednesday, the 8th November.

F. C. ANNESLEY,
Actg. Adjutant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

October 28.

373. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by "F" Company during week ending 28th instant. Next for Duty "G" Company.

374. Company Field Training:—

Detail.—Sunday, October 29th, "A," "B," "E" Coys.

Sunday, November 5th, "C," "D" Coys.

Companies will parade at Bori Bunder Station at 6 a.m. on the above dates, and will return to Bombay before 5 p.m. Havresack rations and waterbottles to be carried. Dress.—At option of Officers Commanding Coys.

376. Miniature Range.—From October 1st, the Miniature range is allotted in accordance with schedule of training issued to Officers Commanding Coys.

377. Signalling. Signalling Class will parade at 6-15 p.m at Headquarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

(Sd.) H. L. McNEILL,
Actg. Adjutant.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Poona, Friday, Oct. 27.

998 Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 28th October 1916:—

At Headquarters—Buglers, Friday and Saturday at 5-30 p.m.

At Satara—Machine Gun parade, Saturday at 5 p.m.

999 Musketry.—The Rifle range will be open for Class firing at 7-30 a.m. daily except Thursdays and Sundays until further orders. Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarter office two days beforehand.

A. R. KEARSEY.
Adjutant.

BAND AT ESPLANADE.

By kind permission of the Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott this evening, commencing at 6 (weather permitting).

March—For Country's Flag ..... Dunn
Overture—L'Italiana Algieri ..... Rossini.
Valse—Miramah ..... Sontini.
Selection—The Shamrock ..... Myddleton.
Russian Dance—La Czarine ..... Canne.
Selection—Jolly Jingles ..... Neat.
Veil Dance—Mystic Beauty ..... Finck
Naval Patrol—Our Bluejackets ..... Macha.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. V. Y. Kashalkar will conduct the weekly Divine Service at the local Prarthana Mandir to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the above League Mr. D. R. Mitra will deliver a public lecture to-morrow, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on "Have we lived before?" in the Municipal Chunamklin Girls' Marathi School.

THE STUDENTS' CIRCLE.

The fourth social gathering of the above circle will be held to-morrow from 3-30 to 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Kelewady Municipal School, Girgaon, when Professor V. G. Rao will preside.

DAVID SASSOON REFORMATORY.

The annual Divali treat to the boys of this Institution was given by the members of the Committee of Management yesterday afternoon. On this occasion the Chairman presented for the use of the boys various games which he had ordered out specially from England.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were three attacks (one imported from Poona) and three deaths from plague on Thursday, Middle and Lower Colaba and Northern Fort reporting one attack and one death each, Market one attack and Hospitals one death. The total mortality from all causes was 71 against 54 on the corresponding day of last year and 64 on that of 1914.

CHILDREN ENTICED AWAY FROM ORNAMENTS.

Hathiram Harishunker, a clerk, residing in Sheikh Memon Street, reports that his son, aged about seven years, was enticed away from Champa Gully and gold ornaments of the value of Rs. 200 were removed from his person.

Ranchhor Jairam of Bhoiwada reports that his daughter Champa, aged seven years, was enticed away from the Bhuleshwar Market to Thakurdwar by a Bania, who removed ornaments of the value of Rs. 305 from her person.

JUMPING FROM A MOVING TRAIN.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest yesterday touching the death of Balkrishna Shivrao, a Hindu boy, aged twelve years, who resided with his father Naiampali Shivrao at Cumballa Hill. It appeared that the deceased jumped from a train before it stopped at the Church Gate Station on Thursday afternoon. He fell heavily and was removed in an unconscious condition to the G. T. Hospital, where it was ascertained that he was suffering from shock due to concussion of the brain. He died on Thursday night. A verdict of death from injuries received in jumping from a moving train, was recorded.

RAIDING A GAMBLING DEN.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Smith charged Ramchandra Pilaraj, a Multani, and five others, with gambling in a house in 2nd Peerkhan Lane with dice and money. It appeared from the evidence that in consequence of information received, Mr. Smith raided the house on Wednesday morning at three o'clock, when he found the accused sitting in a ring and gambling, and arrested them. The accused were convicted and fined Rs. 25 each.

NEW FIRE-TEMPLE AT DEOLALI.

THE CONSECRATION CEREMONY.

(From a Correspondent.)

DEOLALI, Oct. 27.

The consceration ceremoney of the new Fire-temple took place under the supervision of Sardar Shamsul Ulma Dastur Kaikobad High Priest of the Parsis in the Deccan. The ceremony was witnessed by thousands of Parsis who had come from all parts of the Presidency, who followed its various stages with keen interest. After the saying of prayers and incantations the Sacred Fire was taken in procession to the hall headed by the learned Dastur whose tovering personality and imposing appearance added not a little to the soleminity of the whole scene. After the installation of the Sacred Fire the learned Dastur performed the Jashan ceremony and was presented with shawls by the Parsi community of Deolali, and Bai Ratanbai Chenoy and her son. A vote of thanks to Sardar Shamsul Ulma Dastur Kaikobad and to others was proposed and the people dispersed.

ANNIVERSARY OF A PARSI FIRE-TEMPLE

The eighty-seventh anniversary of the great Parsi fire-temple, known as the Wadia Atashbehram, at Bombay, was celebrated yesterday in the presence of a large congregation of Parsi ladies and gentlemen. The religious service of the *jashan* was performed by the head priest, Shams-ul-Ulema Dastur Saheb Darab Peshotan Sanjana, at 10-15 a.m., who, at the end of the ceremony, pronounced benedictions on the Parsi community, and H. M. the Emperor of India, for whom the Dasturji prayed, "In behalf of our good King George we fervently pray that by the righteousness of good thoughts, good words, and good deeds, he and all the lAlies may be victorious. With the help of the Great Helper may he bring a wise end to the present European war, and spread peace and good-will over the whole world! May all the wishes of His Majesty be fulfilled, and may he together with his royal family obtain the righteous blessings of God."

At the close of the service Dastur Darab preached an impressive sermon on "the Zoroastrian Doctrine of Righteousness," which enjoined man to follow strictly the pious ways of God and the Prophet.

ASTRAL TITTLE-TATTLE.

MODERN SEER'S SILENCE ON THE GREAT WORLD WAR.

Astrology as practised by modern seers apparently concerns itself with the minor affairs of this planet. "Vox stellarum" is only tittle-tattle about things that don't very much matter just now.

So in "Moore's Almanac, original edition, 220th year," which has just been published by Cassell and Co., one finds scattered throughout the months prophecies about stocks and shares, theatres and music-halls, religious scandals and the divorce court, while, with regard to the world tragedy upon which all human attention is concentrated, the stars, if they are correctly interpreted in these pages, have scarcely anything to say.

Or if they do speak, it is in such egregious language as this: "January—Great and important changes are shown in the international and political world. Feb.—Unsettlement is shown in France and Italy. April—The conjunction of Mercury and Mars on the place of Mars in the Kaiser's horoscope foreshadows disaster."

Not having been able to foretell, by the remotest reference, the beginning of the war, it is not surprising the astrolgers are rather shy of prophesying when it will end. One cannot say whether the statement "the new moon of December 14 threatens foreign disputes," denotes that the war is still going on at the end of 1917. That we may be quite sure that if it be so, this sentence will be claimed in a succeeding almanac as a triumphant vindication of prophecy.

However, the almanac is only partly concerned with lifting the veil from the future, and has much political, social, sporting, and agricultural information which is wholly reliable.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

"OH I SAY"

There are plays that defy criticism and among then is "Oh, I Say!" produced by the Bandman Company last night at the Excelsior. It is an old type of French farce with mixed up couples, mixed up bedrooms, and a bath room thrown in, and the main theme of the plot being the embarassing adventures that befal a young lawyer on his honeymoon who finds himself for the night with his bride in the flat of an actress with whom he has omitted to break off a previous engagement. The actress is at the same time carrying on a little flirtation with the father of the bride, the mother of the bride follows the honeymoon couple to the flat to look after her darlingto child. There is a male friend to whom the bridegroom in despair confides the care of his newly-acquired wife, who is taken off to another flat belonging to the same actress, whose maid in her absence has let one or the other,—we forget which —to the honeymoon couple and is herself posing as the actress in a flirtation with the Chief of Police,—and that is about as much as a whirling brain can carry away from this irresponsible but not unamusing production, the fittest comment on which is contained in its title. Mr. Compton Coutts as the bridegroom, Mr. Johnny Osborne as the father, Miss Betty Linley as the actress, Miss Manners as the bride and Miss Ashwell as the latter's mother were chiefly responsibl for the humour of the evening, such as it was, and played with praiseworthy enthusiasm and vigour.

To-night that very old but always attractive musical comedy "The Belle of New York" is to be played If will be repeated at to-morrow's matine.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

NEW BILL TO-NIGHT.

By an error it was stated yesterday that the new cinema programme would be presented for the first time on Sunday. It has been decided, however, to start all new programmes on Saturdays in future, so visitors to-night will see the new week's bill. A glance at the advertisement will show that this is a very strong one, rich in all the features that picture-goers like best. The acting, in particular, deserves special mention.

Ben Webster and Charles Rock, who appear in "V. C.", a London Film Company exclusive, are famous English actors. Though they play the parts of son and father respectively, and look the part to a day, it is remarkable to know that they both made their debut in "As You Like It" in 1885 when Kendal was playing. Rock was born in India. There is no doubt that the public will flock to see the acting of such celebrated people, even if it be on the screen instead of in flesh and blood. The story, too, is particularly attractive, while the battlefield scene has probably never been equalled.

Another picture calling for work of a difficult character from the actors is "Rival Pilots," one of those exciting railway dramas in which t' rilling rescues are made and wonderful deeds done for the benefit of picture patrons. The third big film is a charming circus comedy, which is also characterised by fine histrionic work.

About November 22nd the Warwick Major Comedy Company open, and they are expected to play twenty-three nights and frequent matinees. With such plays as "The Importance of Being Earnest", "Ann," "The Marriage of Kitty" and "Within the Law" in their repertoire it can be realised how wide their choice is.

NEW ALEXANDRA CINEMA.

A SENSATIONAL FILM.

It must be difficult for producers to secure scenaries with any pretensions to novelty, as almost every source has been tapped, and when a picture subject with any claims to novelty appears we are always glad to welcome it and give it all the help in our power. In this class we may safely place "Thy Neighbour's Wife" the latest of the popular Selig Red-Seal subjects that is being screened this evening by the New Alexandra Picture house. Besides being distinctly novel in construction and delineation, this film possesses an amount of sensationalism that will make it a favourite with all classes of picture patrons. "Thy Neighbour's Wife" contains only four distinctive characters, a man and his wife and a neighbour and his wife, but the action takes place in various parts of the globe, including America, Egypt, and Africa. It purports to be the story of a man's temptation and his great self-sacrifice under the most trying circumstances, and is told by himself. In the course of the story there are several fine scenes shown such as high life in a great American city, both interior and exterior, the terrible shipwreck of a liner at sea, scenes at Cairo, a terrific fight between a hyena and a leopard and some daring experiences with wild beasts by the heroine. The cast consists of Kathlyn Williams, Eugenie Besserer, Tyrone Power and Guy Oliver, and all are excellent in their respective roles, the chief burden falling upon Kathlyn Williams and Tyrone Power. The great sensation in the film is the shipwreck. The vessel has struck a derelict, and the hundreds of passengers are seen struggling and fighting for their lives as the huge vessel gradually lists and disappears from sight, while the sea is crowded with humanity and wreckage.

PRESS IN INDIA.

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER TO MR. SYUD HOSSAIN.

INTERESTING SPEECHES.

Mr. Syud Hossain, the President of the London Indian Association, who was about to leave for India to take up an appointment as assistant editor of the "Bombay Chronicle," was entertained on September 26 at dinner by the members and friends at Café Monico.

Mrs. E. Agnes R. Haigh occupied the chair, and among those present were Sir Krishna Gupta, Sir Mancherjee Bhownaggree, Mirza Abbas Ali Baig, C.S.I., Mr. A. G. Gardiner, Mr. H. W. Nevinson, Mr. J. M. Kennedy, ("Daily Telegraph.") Mr. Fred J. Benson, Miss Arnold, Mr. T. W. Arnold, Mr. T. W. McCormack, Lieut.-Col. Phillott, I.M.S. (retired), Mr. N. C. Sen, Mr. John Scurr, Mr. B. Dube, Mr. and Mrs. Deep Narain Singh, Miss Chattopadhya, Mr. Kapilram Vakil, Mr. and Mrs. Duse Mahomed, Mr. Syed Erfan Ali, Mr. Anwaja Ismail, Mr. D. Javeri, Mr. T. V. Thadani, Mr. R. C. Soni, Mr. Ramprosad Ray, Mr. I. U. Ahmad, Mr. and Mrs. Whitehouse, Dr. Robinson, Mr. B. K. Mantri, Mr. K. P. Mehta, Mr. and Mrs. Shapurji Saklatvala, and Mr S. Sorabji. Letters of apology and regret were received from Sir William Wedderburn, Bart.., Mr. Charles Roberts, M.P., Sir William Duke, Mr. McCallum Scott, M.P., and Mr. H. E. A. Cotton.

MR. NEVINSON.

Mr. Nevinson, in replying to the toast of "The Press," said that he was glad of the opportunity of speaking to t' m, although eight years had elapsed since he visited India, and much that then occurred must necessarily have become ancient history. He remembered that when he was in India he was much attracted by the Press, and especially by that section which was charged with endeavouring to create disagreement and ill-feeling between the peoples of the Empire whenever it strove to do anything for the people or to get for them equal citizenship with the British. There was another section of the Indian Press which he believed, honestly strove to promote good feeling and common agreement amonst both British and Indians, and did its best to advance the cause of education and self-government among the Indian people. The editor of one of those papers, the "Statesman," in Calcutta (Mr. Ratcliffe), made for himself a name in India which would long be remembered. There was yet another section of the Indian Press of which he could only speak by repute. He meant the real Indian papers which were printed for the most part in the languages of their provinces. As, unfortunately, he was ignorant of those languages, he could not read them, but he was always told by those who could that they were excellent papers, although the British authorities naturally did not concur in that opinion. The attitude of the authorities to the Press made one think there was a great advantage in being opportunists. Just now however, they had a magnificent opportunity in front of them. The whole Empire was fighting for the sacred cause of nationality and freedom, and the opportunity was one of which, it seemed to him, his Indian friends should avail themselves. They had long been fighting for nationality themselves, and, as Great Britain was fighting for the nationality of Belgium, Serbia, Montenegro, and Poland, surely she could hardly refuse to agree to a great advance in the cause of Indian nationality, bearing in mind, too, that the men who were asking for that advance were fighting with them in support of the maintenance of the other nationalities to which he had referred. If they were to secure their ends, it would entail much sacrifice, much toil, and perpetual vigilance. No one could admire more than he did the Civil Servants of India. Their devotion to their work, their general sense of justice, and their freedom from corruption were beyond praise. They all knew how admirable these men were, but still they did not make allowance for what he would call "growth"—that growth which meant change, and without which people were apt to sink into a state of animal contentedness and peace such as men ought not to fall into. They were, in fact out to sink into a condition of moral poverty. What was really wanted in dealing with the Indian Empire was a change of heart rather than a change of law. Let the English forget the wrongs perpetuated by such memorials as the Well at Cawnpore, and remember that Indians had also a good deal to forget. If both sides would join in casting these matters into oblivion, then they might look forward to happier times. He heartily wished Mr. Syud Hossain every success. He would find he would not have an easy time; nobody who fought and wrote for their cause could expect it.

MR. J. M. KENNEDY.

Mr. J. M. Kennedy also replied to the toast. He deplored the change which had come over the British Press and its unscrupulous advocacy of vested interests. There were now two legal standards applied to journalism. There was one standard for the editor of the paper which went in for sensationalism and which supported the bureaucracy, and another standard for the editor who, through the columns of his paper, sought to promote social and political reforms. With regard to the Indian Press, those present knew the difficulties and wrongs under which it suffered. Many of them were, no doubt, familiar with the case of Mohammed Ali, the editor of "The Comrade," who, because he had recently published several well-reasoned articles touching the Allies' policy towards Turkey, and expressed his dissent from that policy on minor points, was deprived of his paper and sent into exile, whereas English contreres who had expressed similar views were not proceeded against. That was a glaring instance of the unfair appplication of the two legal standards. He could give other instances, notably in connection with an attack by English papers on Lord Hardinge because of his denunciation of the House of Lords for throwing out a certain Bill. He was confident that Mr. Syud Hossain would do his part in criticising questions in India. After the war it would be the duty of journalists in this country to set an example in reverting to the principles of justice and fair-play all round, and he hoped that those principles would be applied to the Indian Press without delay.

MRS. HAIGH.

Mrs. Haigh then proposed the health of Mr. Syud Hossain. She said to speak publicly of the good qualities of a personal friend required a courage and experience to which she could not lay claim. Mr. Hossain was going to India to undertake a task of great possibilities—a task which could well be transferred into a high calling by that singleness of vision and purpose which were his in a peculiar degree. They were confident he would fill his position, which would not be an easy one, with dignity, fearlessness, and discretion, and their most sincere good wishes went with him, both for his personal welfare and for the permanent achievement of his work.

MR. J. M. PARIKH.

Mr. J. M. Parikh said that it was to their friend Mr. Hossain that they largely owed the success of the London Indian Association, which was established in the interests of young students coming to this country, and one of their objects was, of course, to secure the holding of simultaneous examinations in England and in India, so as to secure wider opportunities for the participation of Indians in the public service. They wished their friend a safe voyage, and they trusted, when he entered on his new duties in Bombay, he would be able to steer a course so as to avoid the rocks in his path. He would require all his abilities and all his courage in advancing the cause of their common country.

Mr. Kapilram Vakil also supported the toast

MR. SYUD HOSSAIN.

Mr. Syud Hossain, who was very heartily cheered, said that the personal exhortations and political admonitions to which he had been subjected were of such a varied kind that he would have to use practically the whole of his time on the voyage to India in trying to sort them out and select those upon which his future foundations should rest. It was no conventional expression of gratitude on his part when he said he was very sensibly touched by the expressions of goodwill which had been the feature of that night's gathering. They had with them representatives of a variety of political convictions and political methods, and it justified no ordinary measure of optimism in regard to the future evolution of things in India. He was going out to India to undertake the work which he had chosen, not in any spirit of arrogance and without any feeling of misgiving; and he would like to say to his friends and colleagues that they, too, would have to make up their minds before they left these hospitable shores to go out to India to set their hands to the work of Indian advancement. They must be prepared for personal persecution, privation, and hardship, and, if need be, must face the prospect of personal sacrifice, otherwise the goal at which they were aiming would not be worth attaining. Nothing was worth having in this life unless it was achieved by tangible sacrifices, and those who were seeking to promote the cause of India could not hope to claim immunity from what he looked upon as a very wholesome and salutary law of nature.

MR. A. G. GARDINER.

Mr. A. G. Gardiner (editor of the "Daily News"), in proposing the toast of "India," congratulated Mr. Syud Hossain upon the eloquent and statesmanlike speech which he had delivered. The keynote of that speech was struck in his declaration that he went out to take up his new task in India with the single idea of working for the welfare, the dignity, and the rights of the Indians, whithersoever that cause led him. He went to work in a field of capital importance. If there was to be a true understanding between the people of India and of England, it was only through the prudent conduct of the Press of the two countries that it could come, and the gravest responsibility rested upon the journalists both here and there. It was the duty of the Indian Press to insist that the interest and the advancement of India were the sole test to apply to forms and schemes of government. It was their duty here to insist that the English were in India for the benefit of India and for no other cause. He rejoiced at the new impulse that was manifest in the life of India, at the growing passion of nationalism, at the larger vision of liberty that prevailed. All this made for a nobler and better India—an India that looked to taking its place ultimately in the free, self-governing system of the British Empire. The ideals which were the glory of the English-speaking peoples were ideals which must be the goal of every people that looked towards the light. No limits could be set to the realm of liberty. And the greatest privilege of the English people should be to share in the development of the great Dependency of which events had made them the ward. Carlyle had said long ago that the "Indian Empire may go—nay, must go some day." He saw no reason why it should go, but every reason why, with the changing times conditions, and capacity, the relationship of the two peoples should be radically modified. He believed that each was necessary to the other, and could serve the other, and that with wisdom and tolerance and vision on both sides the transition to a more equal relationship would be made without friction or bitterness, and with great pain to both. But on this side there must be imagination and sympathy with just aspirations, and on the Indian side there must be restraint as well as firmness of purpose, a wise recognition of difficulties as well as an eager pursuit of the goal.

BOMBAY RACING SEASON.

FIXTURES—1916-17.

EXTRA MEETINGS.

1st Extra Meeting, Saturday, 16th December, 1916.
2nd Extra Meeting, Saturday, 23rd December, 1916.
3rd Extra Meeting, Monday, 1st January, 1917.
4th Extra Meeting, Saturday, 6th January, 1917.
5th Extra Meeting Saturday, 13th January, 1917.
6th Extra Meeting, Wednesday, 17th January, 1917.
7th Extra Meeting, Saturday 20th January, 1917.
8th Extra Meeting, Wednesday, 24th January, 1917.
9th Extra Meeting, Saturday, 27th January, 1917.
10th Extra Meeting, Saturday, 3rd February, 1917.

BOMBAY RACES.

First Day, Saturday, 10th February, 1917.
Second Day, Wednesday, 14th February, 1917.
Third Day, Saturday, 17th February, 1917.
Fourth Day, Wednesday, 21st February, 1917.
Fifth Day, Saturday, 24th February, 1917.

The dates of the 11th, 12th and 13th Extra Meetings will be notified later.

THE KARNATAK COLLEGE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The recent failure of the meeting of the Belgaum public makes their attitude towards the Karnatak College clear beyond doubt. Mr. Achut Bhaskar Desai, the foremost speaker in favour of the Belgaum College, tried to convince the audience that Belgaum was the fittest place for a College and not Dharwar. His first point was that Belgaum being a matriculation examination centre in Southern Maharashtra, is more qualified to have a college. But what connection there is between the fitness of a place and the examination centre, I am sorry, I can't see. Belgaum is fixed as centre of the Matriculation examination, not for any intrinsic merits but for the convenience of the students coming from Kolhapur to the southern parts of the Maharashtra. Kolhapur would be too near to Poona and Dharwar would be more distant from the Kolhapur side than Poona. It is for this local convenience that Belgaum is selected a centre. If it is insisted that being an examination centre is a qualification then Dharwar too has been a centre for the School Final examination long since.

His second argument was about climate. He says that the climate of Belgaum is better and so more fitted for a college. But the climate of Dharwar, being drier and consequently more bracing, is superior to that of Belgaum. Belgaum being nearer to the Ghats, is more rainy, severely cold and has its atmosphere more moisture-laden.

The third ground was that Belgaum was the proper centre of the Karnatak than which assertion nothing can be more sweeping and delusive. The Karnatak is a division made on a linguistic basis. It is the land of the Kanarese. And therefore Dharwar is the real centre on account of topographical situation and also on account of pure Kanarese language current there. Marathi is predominant at Belgaum and not Kanarese. People talk a jargon of Marathi and Kanarese. The majority of the population is Marathi-speaking. In Dharwar there is no Marathi at all.

Dharwar can be, and to a certain extent it has been, an intellectual centre. It has two training colleges and more High Schools than Belgaum. Educational activities there are various and manifold, but none such exist in Belgaum. As it provides a training college for females, it is decidedly a step in advance in point of female education. A College for Higher Education is wanted to make it the Poona of the Karnatak.

I do not pause to prove how Belgaum comes in the way of the Karnatak College, a desideratum of the people of the Karnatak, anxiously awaited with expectant eyes, as it has been treated threadbare.

Now a word or two about the attitude of the Lingayats. It is really regrettable to see the policy of the Lingayats indecisive and vacillating. The situation is most favourable and opportune to send our old quarrels and differences to the grave and be reconciled henceforward. Apart from the many injustices the Lingayats had to suffer at the hands of the Brahmins, in that they were severely criticised, their actions were ungenerously and monstrously misrepresented, many false and mischievous statements made about them,—which is painful to reflect,—, it is but proper, at this juncture, for the Lingayat to co-operate with the Brahmin to have the Karnatak College established. It is an opportunity godsent and deserves to be firmly grasped. Hence the two brethren communities will be mutually sympathetic. It would be really detrimental to the interests of the Lingayat community to be still indecisive.—Yours, etc.,

M. R. SAKHARE, M.A.
Yamkanmardi, 26th October.

The work in connection with the central buildings in the new capital area at Delhi is progressing satisfactorily and Messrs. Lutyens and Baker, architects to the Government of India, are expected to arrive in Delhi from England early in December when they will resume their duties.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, October 28, 1916.

THE OFFICIALS AND THE CONFERENCE.

We publish in another column correspondence which took place on the eve of the Provincial Conference at Ahmedabad between the District Superintendent of Police and the District Magistrate on the one side and the General Secretaries of the Conference on the other, regarding the admission to the Conference of the reporters of the C. I. D. It provides an unfortunate instance of official high-handedness, want of tact and illegality. In the first place it is necessary to remember that police reporters have no wider right of admission to a legally convened and conducted public meeting than any other member of the public. The D. S. P. of Ahmedabad, however, seemed to suppose that it was the duty of the managers of the Conference, not merely to admit C. I. D. reporters as such, but to provide for them special accommodation with a table to write at. When he was informed that the Conference could not with self-respect officially recognise the reporters of the C. I. D. and that they could not be given any greater facilities than ordinary members of the public, he sent a peremptory demand to the General Secretaries to "make the necessary arrangements for the accommodation of the three reporters referred to at three adjoining seats at the reporters' table." This was an illegal demand and was very properly, though quite courteously, refused by the Executive Committee. Thereupon, the District Magistrate appeared on the scene with a letter containing, (1) the incorrect statement that the Conference Committee had definitely refused to admit the C. I. D. reporters, (2) an intimation that, unless the Committee either provided or allowed provision to be made for the accommodation of these reporters "in such place and manner as to allow the full and proper reporting of all proceedings",—that is to say in such place and manner as the police themselves chose to dictate,—he would be compelled, "under the powers vested in him (the District Magistrate) by law, to take such action as he deemed fit." In reply to this extraordinary communication the District Magistrate was very properly asked to explain under what law he claimed that "the Government had a right to make arrangements for the reporting of all speeches of proceedings at public conferences,"—as stated in his letter,—and was informed that it was incorrect that the C. I. D. reporters had been refused admission, if they chose to come in as ordinary members of the public on payment for their tickets. It is to be noted that the letter of the District Magistrate, which was delivered to the General Secretaries at 10-45 a.m required an answer at the Shahi Bag (a considerable distance away) by 11-30, thus leaving no time for the Committee to meet and consider it,—the Conference was to open at twelve o'clock. At 11-45 the Committee were served with an order under Section 39, Clause N. of the Bombay District Police Act, requiring them "to admit the C. I. D. reporters and other police officers to the Conference pandal and to offer no obstruction to them in the execution of their duties," in view of the general right of "Government to ensure by its police officers the decent and orderly conduct of proceedings of public meetings." Having no time to enter any effective protest against this order and faced with the alternative of a collision with the police, the Committee yielded under protest, as will be seen by their final letter in which they set out the inaccuracy of the grounds put forward for the order and its general illegality.

It would be difficult, indeed, to conceive a proceeding more illegal in its inception and character and thoroughly indefensible in the manner of its execution. In the first place it is clear, as we have stated, that no such right as the District Magistrate claims for the admission of C. I. D. reporters to public meetings and the provision of suitable accommodation for them, exists and the attempt to enforce such a right was most improper. Then on realising that he possessed no legal power to enforce his threat, the Magistrate falls back on a section of the District Police Act, intended to apply to cases in which there is reason to apprehend a disturbance, thus placing himself in the ludicrous position of ordering the admission of three C. I. D. reporters to the Conference pandal in order "to ensure the decent and orderly conduct of the proceedings." From beginning to end the order is absolutely unjustifiable, both by reason of the incorrectness of the grounds and the irrelevance of the law on which it professes to be based. The section provides for the access of police officers to public assemblies for the purpose of preventing disorder: there is no provision for the admission of reporters to take down speeches or for providing them with suitable accommodation. They can come in as policemen or as members of the public and be content with the accommodation provided for the public. It must be noted that, till one comes to the actual order, the whole controversy was confined to the admission of the C. I. D. reporters and there was not the remotest suggestion of the admission of "other Police Officers" for ensuring orderly conduct of the proceedings. There was no reason and it was never pretended that there was any reason to apprehend any disorder or disturbance at the meeting, and that the presence of police officers was required on this account. It is evident that this suggestion was, as the Committee state in their letter of protest, an afterthought and was resorted to in order to find some means of trying to legalise a demand that was found, in fact, to have no legal justification.

We hope that this matter will not be allowed to rest where it is. The attention of the Government should be drawn to it in the Legislative Council and some appropriate action taken. The public must be protected in the carrying out of perfectly lawful proceedings from irritating, insulting and illegal interference on the part of the police, and executive officers must be impressed with the duty that lies upon them, not only to confine their acts within the limits of what the law allows but also to conduct themselves with tact and self-restraint in their dealings with the public so as not to create avoidable irritation and resentment. Especially is it impossible that such illegality and utter want of tact as is instanced in this case can be allowed to pass without censure from the higher authorities.

THE ROUMANIAN FACTOR.

A commentator on the war, whose opinion somebody has thought worth telegraphing to India, declares that the Teuton activity in the Balkans is "strategically unsound" and that the overthrow even of Roumania would be of secondary importance. So far as ordinary people can see, the activity of Mackensen and Falkenhayn has achieved its initial object, so why it should be considered strategically unsound is far from comprehension. The overthrow of Roumania is no doubt of secondary importance. But there is no reason to suppose that the Central Powers are bent upon the absolute overthrow of Roumania. It will suffice for their purpose if they can render Roumania an uncountable factor so far as her assistance in the Allies' strategical scheme is concerned. And that also they have done for the present. Some very pertinent observations in an official resumé of the war recently issued in Petrograd help us to realise what the object of Austro-German activity in the Balkans is and how, so far, that object has been achieved It was pointed out that "neither Peronne, nor Lemberg, nor Trieste, nor Diarbekir had the shadow of decisive importance."

Only by cutting the main artery of the organisation of the hostile forces will it be possible to pass from the realm of hypothesis to that of realisation. The railway trunk between Berlin, Vienna, Buda Pesth, Sofia, and Constantinople is the line which supplies the enemy's armies, and which, so long as it is intact, will secure his freedom of movement, and consequently his powers of resistance to the Allies. Thus our nearest perspectives show themselves on the Balkan theatre, as well as our most urgent task,—the united and intensive development of the operations of all the Allied troops operating on different, and it might appear detached, sections of this front. To this the efforts of the Allies are being directed, and it cannot be denied that their aim is gradually being realised, and that they are approaching the final goal, which is to strike the enemy in the direction that is most vital to him."

It is evident that the German Headquarters Staff did not fail to realise that things were moving in a direction that rendered the attainment of the end at which the Allies aimed dangerously probable, and for that reason everything was sacrificed to the prevention of the successful co-ordination of the Allied strategy which the intervention of Roumania rendered feasible. The double offensive against Roumania was in reality a defensive operation. It was necessary to prevent, if possible, any movement on the part of Roumania south of the Danube, as well as a successful invasion of Transylvania. This Falkenhayn and Mackensen between them have done. We do not suppose that there is any likelihood of the enemy breaking into Roumania, much less of overthrowing that gallant little power; but they succeeded first in forcing upon the Roumanians the abandonment of any project for an offensive south of the Danube, and have kept the bulk of the Roumanian forces strenuously engaged in repelling fierce attacks at every danger-point. This has coincided with the embarrassment caused to General Sarrail by the Greek imbroglio, and all hope of striking at the vitals of the enemy allies through Bulgaria has thus been dissipated for some time to come. Whether this will prove to have been strategically unsound, even from a purely selfish German point of view, when the whole drama of the war is drawn to a close, remains to be seen. But in its present perspective it seems a fairly definite achievement in the way of postponing the evil day. We doubt, however, whether the resources of the Central Powers will be equal to more than this purely defensive achievement, and that it has been gained and will have to be maintained at the cost of sacrifices, past and to come, on the Western Front and elsewhere, which may prove to be of a vital character, is obvious. Mr. Asquith is justified in asking that we should not take pessimistic views What the enemy gains in one place he must lose in another. The occupation of Constanza is a triumph more of an incidental and spectacular character than anything else, especially if it is true that the Roumanians and Russians succeeded in destroying its valuable stores of grain, etc. The Roumanians continue to hold Falkenhayn's forces at bay in the West and North and the possibilities of Mackensen being able to strike a serious blow from the East are remote.

Notes of the Day.

A German Appeal for Peace.

The Crown Prince is apparently only one of the many peace emissaries of Germany. Prince Alexander of Hohenlohe appeals in the "Neue Zuricher Zeitung" to the Pope and President Wilson to step in and stop the butchery in Europe. Let them combine in "a common work of rescue, to save, even at the eleventh hour. European civilisation from utter ruin." Like the Crown Prince, the Prince has come to a belated sense of the horror of it all. "To speak now," he confesses, "of peace, mediation, or intervention between the belligerents might seem almost childish. To seek to put a stop to this murder of nations, which is developing more and more into a frenzy, is almost to act like a man who throws himself across the rails to stop an express train in full speed." Nevertheless he means to dare ridicule. "Anyone who can look on at this deliberate bringing about of the suicide of Europe in silence and indifference can have neither heart nor conscience." The Prince adds, "Any sensible man can see that there is going to be neither victor nor vanquished in the war." The only exception in Germany is the group "who prattle of a future Germany extending from the Elbe to the Equator, and of the necessity of crushing England first, to attain that end." "Such fantastic hopes and decisions," he says bluntly, "will never be fulfilled."

Germans and the Tanks.

There are many references to the "tanks" in German papers of mail week, but they are all more or less contemptuous and expressed with a heavy-footed kind of humour. Perhaps the most interesting account is that of the war correspondent of the "Berliner Tageblatt":—

"Everywhere the technicians have been busy upon the problem of diminishing losses during the attack, but it has been reserved to the English to elaborate the most audacious invention in that direction. This new war monster may be described approximately as an armoured motor-car, with two small towers in which are placed two 6-pounder guns, as well as a machine-gun. It is manned and manipulated by an officer, a driver with a mechanic, four men at the guns, and one for the machine-gun. A periscope with various prisms allows the manipulators an outlook from under their cover. The 'Big Willy,' as the English call their monstrous creature, has a so-called endless rail, i.e., it lays a track for itself. It can even make a kind of bridge for itself, and in its trials at home it rode with splendid success over five trenches and a crater."

Germans and Polygamy.

Several German professors are now engaged in canvassing the adoption of polygamy, as a remedy for depopulation. Dr. Wecken and Dr. Grahovsky regretfully find the panacea impossible on practical grounds, but Professor Christian Ehrenfels, of Prague University, would apparently go the "whole hog,"—if only in the interest of the preservation of the national vigour and the restoration of the population strength, so heavily reduced by the war. Would it not, he asks, be advisable,—nay, even imperative,—to lay aside after the war the severe moral code which restricts civilised peoples to monogamy, and to make a start by giving some permission to "the courageous fighters returning from battle" to practise polygamy under certain conditions. The professor perhaps does not know that even in polygamous countries the privilege of being much married is one less frequently exercised than formerly.

The Lowest Possible.

A striking review of Lajpat Rai's recent book "Young India" is contributed to "India" over the initials: "B. H.", presumably Mr. Bernard Houghton. The reviewer points out that the book contains defects, exaggerations and omissions; it makes no more claim to hold the balance exactly between the British Government and Indian nationality than, for instance, a leader in the "Morning Post." But it has the supreme merit that it states plainly and without reserve, facts and arguments which have led many Indians to despair of political freedom at the hands of the Government and to form what is known as the Extremist Party. The existence of that party, says Mr. Houghton, is a grave sympton. It is taken gravely by the Government of India. It thus behoves the British public and more especially its leaders to try and understand the deep and abiding causes that are at work to turn men of a race proverbially patient into apostles of violence. "It will be useless," writes Mr. Houghton,

"to apply such a salve as minor concessions belarded with benevolent platitudes. The time has gone by when the assumption of lofty and altruistic motives by superior officials could impress the educated Indian. *The bureaucracy has been found out.* What is required at the end of the war is a measure of bold and striking reform, a real confirment of power and responsibility on the Indians, a real step forward to the goal of self-government. Nothing less than that will reconcile modern India; nothing less should suffice for the honour and gratitude of England."

The "Holy Carpet" Ceremony.

The picturesque ceremony of the "Kiswa"—the exposition of the Holy Carpet on the square below the Citadel and its subsequent transfer to the Saidna El Hussein Mosque, where it remained until the departure of the Holy Caravan for Mecca on the 23rd Sept. took place early last month in Cairo amid traditional pomp and circumstance. As H. H. the Sultan was in official residence at Alexandria, H. E. Hussein Pasha Rushdy, the Prime Minister, represented him and presided over the ceremony of receiving the carpet and other articles destined for the Holy Shrine. It is interesting to note that the Sultan sent part of his bodyguard as an additional escort, and that the Grand Shereef issued orders that every facility was to be offered to the caravan and the pilgrims, and that the latter were to be relieved of the payment of all dues and fees from the time they landed at Jedda to the time they re-embarked. The British military authorities gave three specially selected camels to the Emirel-Hajj for the conveyance of the carpet and other offerings. Although no obstacles are being put in their way, it appears, says the Cairo correspondent of "The Near East," that so far very few Egyptians have applied for permission to make the pilgrimage this year. No doubt the restricted nature of the accommodation available has impelled many of the followers of the Prophet to postpone performing this religious duty until a more propitious moment, when, also, they will be in a better position to judge of the Shereef's ability to carry into effect his guarantee.

Ignorance of India in America.

With an Indian civilian the other day, says a writer in "The Indiaman," I was discussing the very real ignorance there is in America about India, and he told me of one or two of his personal experiences which bear closely on the subject. "Along with a number of other visitors to Washington, mostly American," he said, "I saw the Congressional Library, the White House, and so on. A sort of Cook's guide had taken charge of the party. When we reached the room in which the President signed Congress Bills, our leader explained how gorgeously it was decorated with a Persian carpet 'inscribed with texts of the Koran, which, as you all know, is the sacred book of the Hindus.' As I passed out, I whispered in the ear of my teacher that it was desirable to make a slight correction. Rewarding my pains, he informed the party when we reached the next room what I had said, adding significantly that it might be the book of the Mohammedans, but that the Hindus use it. I am glad to be able to say that after I had replied briefly to our guide his following melted away without paying him the customary quarter."

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS

BATTLE OF PASSES.

MR ASQUITH ON THE SITUATION.

FRENCH SUCCESS IN MACEDONIA.

FIFTEEN NEW V. C'S

After violent combats the enemy has been everywhere heavily repulsed by the Roumanians on the western frontier of Moldavia. Violent attacks south of Predeal and south-west of Brasso were also repulsed. The enemy progressed west of Juil Valley.

A Russian communiqué reports that the enemy pressure in the Dobrudja has weakened.

In the House of Commons Mr. Asquith deprecated unduly pessimistic views regarding the situation in Roumania, for all the Allies were doing, in concert, all in their power to help Roumania in her struggle for independence.

The situation is unchanged at Verdun. The enemy violently bombarded the Vaux and Douaumont sectors. Fort Vaux is the sole point in the advanced French line of offence covering Verdun east of the Meuse still in enemy's hands.

French cavalry supported by infantry occupied the bridge of Zvedi and villages of Golobrda and Laisica south west of Lake Prespa.

An unconfirmed wireless telegram from Rome says the Roumanians have blown up the Czernavoda bridge across the Danube.

The Serbians captured heights on the left bank of the river Cerna.

Nowal aeroplanes attacked in force the railway stations at Buk and Drama on the railway from Constantinople to Salonika. Considerable damage was done to the rolling stock.

The award of fifteen new Victoria Crosses is announced in the "London Gazette."

GERMAN NAVAL CONSTRUCTION.

CENTRED ENTIRELY AROUND SUBMARINES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

A telegram to the "Morning Post" from Washington says according to official information German naval construction is centred almost entirely around submarines. It is expected that by next spring the whole of two years' losses will be more than replaced, and then submarining will be renewed ruthlessly, including in the West Atlantic.

ENEMY REPULSED ON TRANSYLVANIAN FRONT.

GERMAN PRESSURE IN DOBRUDJA WEAKENS.

FRONTIER BATTLES IN ROUMANIA.

ENEMY EVERYWHERE REPULSED IN MOLDAVIA

ATTACKS NEAR PREDEAL AND BRASSO REPELLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

A Roumanian communiqué says:—After violent combats the enemy has been everywhere heavily repulsed on the western frontier of Moldavia, where he now occupies but a small portion of the territory in the region of the Trotus Pass and Uzul Valley.

We repulsed violent attacks south of Predeal and south-west of Brasso.

The enemy progressed west of Juil Valley.

ENEMY PRESSURE IN DOBRUDJA WEAKENED.

RUSSIAN SUCCESS IN CAUCASUS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

A Russian communiqué reports that the enemy pressure in the Dobrudja has weakened.

In the Caucasus, after stubborn fighting, we occupied the town of Bidjar north-west of Hamadan.

The Roumanians have succeeded in arresting pressure on their north-eastern front.

CZERNAVODA BRIDGE BLOWN UP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

An unconfirmed wireless telegram from Rome says the Roumanians have blown up the Czernavoda bridge across the Danube.

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable says:—

The fate of the Czernavoda bridge is not reported.

The "Daily Telegraph's" Rotterdam correspondent says the Dodrudja retirement was due to General Mackensen's overwhelming supply of heavy artillery with which the railway was shelled like a trench line. The enemy has a tremendous concentration of artillery in Transylvania.

The "Idea Nazionale's" millitary correspondent says Hindenburg's plan is the elimination of Roumania, and then a general action against Italy with the object of forcing her to a separate peace.

CONSTANZA JUST BEFORE EVACUATION.

ALL GRAIN STORES BURNED BEFORE RETIREMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

ODESSA, Oct. 26.

Particulars of the last days of the Russo-Roumanian occupation of Constanza gathered from arrivals here show that as many as fifteen aeroplanes dropped bombs in one day. Fifteen wounded men in the Red Cross hospital were killed.

Notwithstanding the bombardment the authorities despatched stores by railway, road and sea and ultimately burned the remainder. The Russian flotilla assisted the retiring troops by resisting the enemy's approach to the town. The troops retired in an orderly manner and the flotilla only left when the port was in flames.

ALLIES' CONSULS LAST TO LEAVE.

The British, Russian and French Consuls have arrived here. They were among the last to leave. The last train left for Cernavoda when the enemy was already bombarding the line.

In spite of the ceaseless bombardment of the port Russian sailors, who remained after the troops and population had gone, worked bravely, burning the huge grain elevators and stores of cereals, flour and oil.

POISONED SWEETS DROPPED BY ENEMY AEROPLANES.

The refugees state that the enemy aeroplanes dropped proclamations into the town exhorting Roumanians not to be afraid as the invaders were friends. They also dropped packets of poisoned sweets, bearing false marks intended to denote a Russian origin.

NOT MUCH BOOTY LEFT AT CONSTANZA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 27.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—A Rome wireless message mentions a report from Bucharest that the enemy has not taken much booty at Constanza. Confirmation of this would be very welcome, as it was believed that the huge wheat warehouses at Constanza were full.

ROUMANIAN SITUATION,

ALLIES DOING ALL IN THEIR POWER TO HELP

MR. ASQUITH DEPRECATES PESSIMISTIC VIEWS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Replying in the House of Commons to Sir Edward Carson Mr. Asquiith said that it was impossible, or at any rate undesirable, to say more than that the situation in Roumania was engaging the most anxious attention not only of Great Britain, but of the Allies, who had taken for many weeks past and were at present taking every possible step to support their gallant comrades in the splendid struggle they were making. (Cheers).

He deprecated unduly pessimistic views, for all the Allies were doing in concert all their power to help Roumania in her struggle for independence. (Cheers).

MR. ASQUITH'S APPEAL TO COAL MINERS.

EMPLOYERS' AND WORKMEN'S PLEDGE TO INCREASE OUTPUT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Mr. Asquith yesterday addressed 3,000 representatives of the coal-mining industry. He said that the importance of coal for carrying on the war was only second to the importance of men.

The meeting passed a resolution pledging the employers and workmen to do everything in their power to increase the output.

GREAT REDUCTION IN COAL EXPORTS

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

In course of his speech to representatives of the coal industry Mr. Asquith said that the coal output in 1913 was 287 million tons, and in 1915 only 253 million. The decrease could be largely attributed to the fact that 285,000 miners had enlisted. Up to June 30th the inflow of outside workers had reduced the depletion to 153,000 and Government had secured the return of 11,000 miners from the fighting line.

The coal exports in 1916 would not exceed 40 million tons compared with 73½ millions in 1913. Exportations had been reduced to a dangerously low limit. Our Allies were dependent on us and neutrals required coal in exchange for raw materials for the making of munitions.

BRITISH MINE-SWEEPER TORPEDOED.

ALL OFFICERS AND 73 MEN LOST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

It is officially announced that an enemy submarine torpedoed and sank the mine-sweeper Genista on the 23rd instant. All officers and 73 of the men were lost. Twelve were saved.

When last seen the ship was sinking, but was still engaged with the enemy submarine.

MACKENSEN'S OBJECTIVE

ENEMY'S DIFFICULT TASK IN DOBRUDJA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 27.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

An article in the "Journal des Debats" points out that for Mackensen to advance to the mouths of the Danube would involve his marching over 60 miles through a country ill-provided with roads to reach the very bad ground before the solid positions, which the Allies would have had time to put in a state of defence.

It is not assumed in London that General Mackensen will venture up the Dobrudja to the mouths of the Danube, but rather that he intends to co-operate with General Falkenhayn in getting Roumania in a vice.

The military critio of the "Tyd," who is not usually unfavourable to Germany, considers the Teuton activity in the Balkans strategically unsound and that even the overthrow of Roumania would be of secondary importance.

VERDUN FRONT.

VIOLENT BOMBARDMENT IN VAUX-DOUAUMONT SECTORS.

DARING FEAT BY FRENCH AVIATOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 26.

This afternoon's communiqué says that the situation is unchanged at Verdun. The enemy violently bombarded the Vaux and Douaumont sectors.

A German aeroplane was brought down at Vauquois. A French pilot attacked an artillery column on the road from Conflans to Etaine at a height of 100 metres and the drivers fled abandoning their teams.

ENEMY'S WAVES OF ASSAULT

ALL DRIVEN BACK IN DISORDER.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Oct. 26.

An official statement says, on four occasions, the Germans attacked our captured positions at Douaumont. The artillery and infantry broke those delivered at 8-30 in the morning and 2-30 in the afternoon against the fort and front to the east, in spite of the intense bombardment with which they were preceded.

The third and most powerful attack debouching from Hardoumont Wood, at 3-30 in the afternoon was caught by batteries of machine-guns. Four waves of assault were driven back in disorder with heavy losses, and isolated elements were taken prisoner.

The fourth attempt south of Chaffour Wood was completely defeated.

The total prisoners captured exceed 5,000 and several hundred wounded were picked up.

LATER.

A semi-official statement says:—The French progress in the Fumin and Chenois Woods is part of a converging movement now closely pressing on Fort Vaux, the sole point in the advanced line of offence covering Verdun east of the Meuse still in the hands of the enemy.

FORT VAUX MENACED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 27.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—London, October 25.—The great French success at Verdun was prepared without the enemy's knowledge, thanks to the French aviators who were exceedingly active while infantry reinforcements were being brought up and fresh batteries were being installed. The bombardment began more than a week ago, but rain delayed the operations until yesterday. Fort Vaux is now gravely menaced since the new French line enables them to attack it from three sides.

M. Gustave Herve writing in "La Victoire" asks, "Is the hour of bold strokes on our Somme front and elsewhere already sounding?" and adds that the moment appears propitious, since apparently the Germans have depleted the French front in order to crush Roumania.

FOUR ATTACKS REPULSED ON VERDUN FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 27.

An official statement says: North of the Somme an attempted enemy attack against Bois l'Abbee was easily repulsed.

There was a very lively artillery fire at Sailly Sallisel and in the Vermandovillers-Chaulnes sector. Four violent enemy counter-attacks at Verdun were repulsed and our front wholly maintained.

ENEMY TRENCHES SUCCESSFULLY RAIDED.

HEAVY SHELLING ON BRITISH FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

General Haig in his communiqué this afternoon says:—During the night there was heavy enemy shelling between Eaucourt L'Abbaye and Les Boeufs and in the neighbourhood of the Stuff and Zollern Redoubts.

Enemy trenches were successfully raided near Monchy and also north-east of Arras, not return.

MACEDONIAN OFFENSIVE.

FRENCH SUCCESS IN PRESPA REGION.

ZVEZDI BRIDGE AND VILLAGES OCCUPIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 26.

A French official message from Salonika says that our cavalry supported by infantry occupied the bridge of Zvezdi and the villages of Golobrda and Laisica south-west of Lake Prespa.

SERBIAN SUCCESS ON THE CERNA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

A Serbian communiqué says:—We captured the heights on the left bank of the river Cerna and took 480 prisoners.

CONSTANTINE'S ASSURANCES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

A telegram from Athens, dated the 25th, says the British Minister had the audience of the King. It is understood that the latter repeated the assurances given to the French Ministe yesterday, and that the measures the King proposes to take to exclude any danger to the Allied troops in Macedonia are regarded as satisfactory.

CONSTANTINOPLE-SALONIKA RAILWAY.

CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE BY AIR RAIDERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

It is officially announced that naval aeroplanes on 23rd and 24th instant, attacked in force the railway stations at Buk and Drama on the railway from Constantinople to Salonika. Considerable damage was done to the rolling stock. One aeroplane failed to return from Buk.

INDIAN PRISONERS WITH TURKS.

NO DEFINITE NEWS OF KUT GARRISON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 25.

In the House of Commons Mr. Forster stated that the Germans had taken prisoner 12 Indian officers and 667 men. The Turks had taken prisoner 195 officers and 654 men.

LATER.

In the House of Commons Mr. Forster said that two officers and seven men who had been taken prisoners by the Germans were now in Switzerland. He said that the camps in which the Indians were interned in Germany were at Zussen, Muenster, Osnabrueck, Friedrichsfeld and Wahn. Eight prisoners had been exchanged.

The numbers given as taken prisoners by the Turks were those of which the Army Council had definite knowledge. In addition there was a considerable number of Indians of the Kut garrison of whom no definite news was to hand. The prisoners were at Afionkarahissar, Raselain, Broussa, Konia, Yosgad and Eskinchechir. There were a certain number of hospital cases in Bagdad. Six officers and 1,139 men had been exchanged.

THE CEYLON RIOTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 25.

In reply to Mr. Morrell Mr. Bonar Law said that he saw no reason to publish further papers about the Ceylon riots. He would ask for a report resulting from the investigation of the cases at Goonewardena, Goonesekera and Perera.

Considerable damage was done and prisoners were taken.

ENEMY ATTACK ON STUFF TRENCH FAILS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

A British communiqué says:—In the morning after a heavy bombardment the enemy attacked the Stuff trench, running northward of the Stuff Redoubt, but were driven off with considerable loss. Our artillery was very effective and we took 41 prisoners.

Enemy artillery was active in day time south of the Ancre.

Our aeroplanes yesterday in the neighbourhood of Loos and Fouquevillers bombed many billets and depots. Three did

FIFTEEN NEW V. C'S.

A MAJOR'S MOST CONSPICUOUS BRAVERY.

TWO CANADIAN PRIVATES AMONG WINNERS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The "London Gazette" announces the award of fifteen Victoria Crosses, the recipients comprising Majors J. V. Campbell, Coldstreams, and W. L. Congreve, late Rifle Brigade, Captains W. B. Allen and N. G. Chevasse, both Medicals, and A. C. White, Yorkshires, a Lieutenant, a Second-Lieutenant, six non-Commissioned officers and men and two Canadian privates.

Major Campbell displayed the most conspicuous bravery and able leading in the attack. Seeing the first two waves of his battalion decimated by machine-gun and rifle-fire, he took personal command of the third line, rallied his men with the utmost gallantry and led them against the enemy machine-guns, capturing the guns and killing the personnel. Later, he again rallied the survivors of the battalion and led them at a critical moment through very heavy fire against the objective and was one of the first to enter the enemy trench. His gallantry and initiative at the most critical moment turned the fortunes of the day and enabled the Division to press on and capture objectives of the highest tactical importance.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The list of the recipients of the Victoria Cross includes Lieut. J. V. Holland, Leinsters, and Second-Lieut. G. G. Coury, South Lancashires.

EXPLOSION IN A MUNITIONS FACTORY.

TWO KILLED; TEN SERIOUSLY BURNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

It is officially announced that an explosion took place yesterday in a munition factory in Kent. Two persons were killed and ten seriously burned. Some damage was done.

GERMAN PIRACY.

MORE NEUTRAL VESSELS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The following steamers have been sunk:—British.—Sidmouth. Norwegian.—Venus II, Sola, Dag. Danish.—Alf. Belgian.—Comtesse-de-Flandre.

The British schooners Tweed and Twig have also been sunk.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 27.

A German submarine has burned the Danish schooner London.

NORWEGIAN MAIL SEIZED.

TAKEN TO A GERMAN PORT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 25.

It is believed that the Norwegian mail steamer from Bergen to Newcastle has been taken to a German port, although she had no contraband on board.

This, coming on the top of other outrages, is regarded as increasing the seriousness of the situation regarding Germany and Norway. The latter, since the war began, has lost ten per cent of her shipping.

INTERNED HUN MERCHANTMAN USED FOR WIRELESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW LONDON, Oct. 26.

Intercepted letters to London show that the interned German merchantman Willehad has been used for telegraphing to the German submarines off the American coast. Though her wireless had been officially sealed she apparently tricked the authorities.

WRECKAGE OF GERMAN WARSHIP WASHED UP.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

COPHENHAGEN, Oct. 26.

The newspaper 'Ekstra Blad' says that large quantities of wreckage of a German warship have been washed up on the Refshaled Island.

MILITARY HOSPITALS IN INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 25.

Replying to Mr. Lambert in the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain stated that electric lights and fans would be installed in the hospital at Barrackpore before the next hot weather. The Government of India was taking up electrification schemes as quickly as the staff and materials available permitted. The medical authorities were determining the order of urgency.

Colonel Yate asked regarding the case of F. E. Fry, of the Public Works. Mr. Chamberlain replied that the Government had been asked to expedite the transmission of the memorial.

C. I. D. REPORTERS TO PRESERVE PEACE.

INCIDENT AT AHMEDABAD CONFERENCE.

MAGISTRATE'S ARBITRARY ACTION.

We have received the following correspondence for publication:—

From, R. R. Boyd, Esquire, District Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad.

To, Krishnalal Narsilal Desai, Esquire, M.A., LL.B., (for General Secretaries, XVI Provincial Conference), Ahmedabad.

20th Oct., 1916.

Sir,—It is reported to me that some difficulties are being raised about providing suitable accommodation and facilities for the three reporters deputed by the C. I. D. to attend the sittings of the Provincial Conference on the 21st and 22nd instant. I had wished to arrange this matter unofficially and was prepared to pay for their seats, but as the desire is not being met in the accommodating spirit that I had hoped for and as I learn that the seats obtainable on payment are unsuitably situated I must now request you to make the necessary arrangements for the accommodation for the three reporters referred to at "three" adjoining seats at the Reporter's Table and to issue passes on their behalf to me this evening.

I have the honour, etc.

INCOMPATIBLE WITH SELF-RESPECT.

20th October, 1916.

From, Krishnalal N. Desai, Secretary, Correspondence Committee, 16th Bombay Provincial Conference.

To, The Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD, 20th Oct., 1916.

Sir,—In reply to your letter No. 5297 of 1916, dated 20th October, 1916, I am directed by the Executive Committee of the Conference to inform you that your request to provide accommodation for the C. I. D. Reporters as such is of a character which the Provincial Conference cannot possibly with self-respect respond to. They regret they cannot recognize the admission of the C. I. D. Reporters in the Pandal much less can they make the specific arrangements referred to in your letter under reply.—I have the honour, etc.,

AN ULTIMATUM.

From the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

To, Jivanlal V. Desai, Esq., B.A., Bar-at-Law, General Secretary, XVIth. Provincial Conference, Ahmedabad.

Oct. 20th.

Sir,—I am informed by the District Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad that the Executive Committee of the Conference have definitely refused either to admit the C.I.D. Reporters to the Pandal of the Conference or to provide suitable accommodation for them. Please see the letter dated 20th instant from Mr. Krishnalal N. Desai, Secretary, Correspondence Committee, addressed to the District Superintendent of Police on the subject.

In have seen the correspondence which proceeded between the D. S. P. and Mr. Krishnalal and am at a loss to understand why the Executive Committee have adopted this attitude in view of the fact that the C. I. D. Reporters were present at the Conference at Belgaum and Ahmednagar,

(2) In view of the right that Government has to make arrangements for the reporting by their own Reporters of all speeches and proceedings at a public Conference, I must now insist that your Executive Committee not only offer no further obstruction to the admission of the C. I. D. Reporters to the Pandal, but that the Executive Committee must either provide or allow the provision of accommodation for these C. I. D. Reporters in such place and manner as to allow the full and proper reporting of all proceedings.

(3) I shall await the answer of your Executive Committee upto 11-30 a.m. to-day at the Shahi Bag, and failing intimation from you by that time that your Executive Committee are ready to comply with the directions contained in para 2 above I shall be reluctantly compelled under the powers vested in me by law to take such action as I deem fit.—I have the honour, etc.

UNDER WHAT LAW?

From General Secretary, 16th Bombay Provincial Conference.

To the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

Oct. 21.

Sir,—With regard to your letter of the 21st October 1916 which was delivered to me at 10-45 a.m., I found it impossible to call a meeting of the Executive Committee to give you a reply by 11-30 a.m. to-day as required by you. I may however point out that it is not correct to say that the Executive Committee have refused to admit the C. I. D. Reporters if they choose to come in as members of the public on payment of tickets. It is also incorrect to say that any obstruction is offered or is intended to be offered if they choose to come in as members of the public.

Further with reference to the statement in your letter that the Government has the right to make arrangements for the reporting by their own reporters of all speeches and proceedings at Public Conferences I shall thank you to let me know under what law such right is claimed and I will place the matter before the Executive Committee as soon as I can and communicate to you their decision. As General Secretary I may assure you that there is every desire on the part of the Executive Committee to do everything which conforms to the law and they will be quite prepared to accede to any requisition that may be open to you in law to make.

With reference to your statement regarding the presence of C. I. D. Reporters at the Belgaum and Ahmednagar Conferences, I do not know under what circumstances they weree present and I have no means of ascertaining the facts in that connection.—I have the honour, etc.

P. S.—In reference to your letter serving the order on me I am writing you another letter.

ORDER FOR ADMISSION.

From, the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

To, Jivanlal V. Desai, Esq., B.A. Bar-at-Law, General Secretary, 16th Bombay Provincial Conference,

21st October.

Sir,—With reference to my previous letter of to-day's date, I have the honour to send herewith an order under Section 39, Clause M. of Bombay Act IV of 1890 for compliance.—I have the honour, etc.

ORDER UNDER SECTION 39, CLAUSE M. OF BOMBAY ACT IV OF 1890.

In view of the refusal of the Executive Committee of the XVI Bombay Provincial Conference, Ahmedabad, to admit the reporters of the C.I.D. to the 'pandal', and of the general right of Government to ensure by its Police Officers the decent and orderly conduct of proceedings in public meetings, I hereby order the Executive Committee of the above-mentioned Conference to admit the C.I.D. reporters and other Police Officers to the Conference 'pandal' throughout the duration of the Conference, and offer no obstruction to them in the execution of their duties.

(Sd.) R. G. GIBSON,
District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

Dated 21st October, 1916.

Ahmedabad.

Seal.

ILLEGAL AND UNLAWFUL.

To, The District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

From, Mr. Jivanlal V. Desai, B. A. Bar-at Law, General Secretary 16th Bombay Provincial Conference.

22nd October.

Sir,—I have now been able to place before the Executive Committee your letter dated yesterday and my reply thereto as well as your subsequent letter of the same date enclising an order under section 39, cl. M. of Bombay Act IV of 1890. I am directed by the Executive Committee to point out that at no time have they refused admission to the reporters of the C.I.D. Department or offered obstruction to their coming in the pandal, if they did so in the usual manner provided for the admission of the public into the pandal, and the statement to the contrary contained in your letter and repeated in the order is not correct. I am further directed to point out that at no stage prior to the serving of the said order was there the slightest suggestion that the decent and orderly conduct of the proceedings of the Conference called for the presence of any Police Officer in the pandal, and further, as far as the Executive Committee are aware, there has not been the slightest ground for the apprehension that the proceedings will be conducted otherwise than in a decent and orderly manner. In no event however can it be said that the presence of the C. I. D. reporters was necessary for that purpose. My Committee cannot help saying that they feel that the suggestion about the necessity of Police officers for purpose aforesaid is an afterthought and resorted to with a view to get the C. I. D. reporters as such admitted into the pandal, which otherwise would not have been open to you in law to secure.

Although the Committee considered this order to be illegal and unlawful they have under protest complied with it, but they reserve to themselves the right to take such actions in the matter as they will be advised.—I have the honour, etc.,

ZEPPELIN BOMB-DROPPING IN HOLLAND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct 27.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says:—

The correspondent of the "Central News" agency at the Hague states that contrary to custom Government has not published a statement concerning the Zeppelin bomb-dropping. German agents are circulating the statement that only a petrol tin was dropped.

DEATH OF SIR JOHN MUIR MACKENZIE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The death of Sir John Muir-Mackenzie is announced.

Sir John William Pitt, Muir-Mackenzie, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., M.R.A.C., M.R.A.S. (England), was the well-known ex-member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bombay, who retired in 1910, after over 34 years' service in the I.C.S. The sixth son of Sir John W. P. Muir Mackenzie, 2nd Baronet of Delvine, Dunkeld, Perthshire, Sir John was educated first at Eton and then privately. He passed the I.C.S. Examination in 1874 and after serving in India for some time, he was deputed to study agriculture at the Royal Agriculture College, Cirencester in 1883 and to Reunion and Mauritius in connection with coolie labour questions in 1893. Later, he was appointed Under-Secretary and officiated as Secretary to the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Departments. Subsequently, he became by turns Director of Agriculture, Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay and Commissioner in Sind. He was a member of the Indian Irrigation Commission. He was appointed Member of the Executive Council of the Government of Bombay in 1905 and held the post till his retirement in 1910. On the termination of Lord Lamington's Governorship in 1907 and before his successor came in Sir John was temporary Governor of Bombay for a short period. Sir John was 56 years of age at the time of his death.

MAHOMEDAN ELECTION ENQUIRY.

MR. RAFIUDIN EXAMINED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Oct. 27.

The hearing of the Mahomedan election case was continued before Mr. Percival District Judge, to-day.

As two of Mr. Jinnah's witnesses were present their evidence was recorded in order that they might be put to no unnecessary inconvenience. These were Mr. Haji Mahomed and the Hon. Mr. Sheriff Dewjee Canjee.

Mr. Haji Mahomed of Bombay examined said that on 12th June he remembered going to Mr. Jinnah's chambers in Bombay. Ebrahim Adamji Pirbhoy came to see him in his office. The latter told him that the Thakore of Kerwada and Sardar Edroos might not possibly vote for Mr. Jinnah. Witness went to Mr. Jinnah's chambers. Mr. Jinnah did not tell witness that Haroon had secured Mr. Pathan's vote for him.

Cross-examined witness said he was anxious on behalf of his community that Mr Jinnah should be elected. At Mr. Jinnah's chambers they talked generally about the election and amongst others Mr. Pathan's name was mentioned. Mr. Jinnah had previously informed him that Sardar Edroos had promised to vote for him. Mr. Jinnah had informed him that all voters except Mr. Pathan had promised him their votes. Witness had no anxiety about Mr. Jinnah.

Re-examined by Mr. Jinnah witness said Mr Jinnah told him he had written to Mr. Pathan, but had got no reply. Mr. Jinnah said Mr. Barodawalla's vote was doubtful. He understood Mr. Jinnah had 7 promises out of 9 votes.

AT MR. JINNAH'S BUNGALOW.

The Hon. Mr. Sheriff Devjee Canjee, called on behalf of Mr. Jinnah, said about the 12th June he saw Mr. Ebrahim Adamji Pirbhoy and Mr. Sobani in Mr. Jinnah's chambers. He never heard Mr. Jinnah say that Mr. Haroon had secured Mr. Pathan's vote for him. About 1 p.m. on 14th or 15th August witness found Mr. Haroon waiting for him at his office. He said he had been to Mr. Jinnah's chambers but could not find him there. He asked witness to telephone and ask whether he could see Mr. Jinnah at his bungalow. He said he wanted to see Mr. Jinnah on a very important matter. In reply to further inquiry Mr. Haroon said Moulvie Rafiudin had obtained a false writing from Gulam Ahmed in connection with Mr. Jinnah's election. After lunch witness telephoned for Mr. Jinnah and received the reply that Mr. Haroon could see him at his bungalow. Witness and Mr. Haroon went to Mr. Jinnah's bungalow and the former told Mr. Jinnah what Mr. Harcon had told him. Mr. Haroon then told Mr. Jinnah that he wanted to bring Gulam before him to make a confession. Mr. Jinnah said he did not want to hear anything. Mr. Ebrahim said the matter was serious as Moulvi Rafiudin had petitioned against his (Mr. Jinnah's) election. Mr. Jinnah said he knew nothing about the petition and so did not want to know anything. Mr. Ebrahim said Gulam was ready to make an affidavit before a solicitor but Mr. Jinnah did not want to hear anything.

Cross-examined by Mr. Binning witness said during all these conversations nothing was said about Rs. 500 or drugs.

Re-examined by Mr. Jinnah he said his conversation with Mr. Jinnah lasted only three or four minutes. Mr. Jinnah did not ask Mr. Haroon any question. Mr. Jinnah was in bed with fever at the time.

MR. RAFIUDIN'S EVIDENCE.

Moulvi Rafiudin Ahmed in the course of his examination by Mr. Binning, said both Gulam Ahmed and Hakim came to his house about 5 p.m. on 17th June. The former asked the latter to go to Dharwar and the latter agreed. Witness saw them off at the station. He told Hakim to let him know if Mr. Pathan was coming to Poona as he wanted to know about his vote. He received a letter from Hakim, which he had since destroyed saying Mr. Pathan was convalescent and that he would arrive in Poona on 20th June. He asked Oomer Saheb to go to the station on the 20th and meet Mr. Pathan, Hakim and Gulam Ahmed and bring them to his house. He himself had to go to Kirkee to meet the Hon. Mr. Edroos and the Thakore of Kerwada who were coming that morning. Witness and the Hon. Mr. Gulam Hoosein interviewed him on the station and returned in their motor. Later he interviewed the Thakor in Napier Hotel. On reaching home he learned that Mr. Pathan had been taken to the Peerbhoy Mansion by Mr. Haroon. The peon, who told him this, was not in Poona. He was working in his daughter's office. At 9-30 a.m. he went to the Peerbhoy Mansion where he saw Mr. Pathan Gulam Ahmed, Rashid Khan and Ebrahim Haroon. He asked Mr. Pathan why he had come to Peerbhoy Mansion.

Mr. Jinnah objected to Mr. Pathan's answer being given.

Mr. Binning agreed to Mr. Jinnah's objection being correct under the Evidence Act but said the Evidence Act did not now apply.

AT PEERBHOY MANSION.

Gulam Ahmed went with him. He took them to Grand Hotel to see Abdul Hussain, then to Napier Hotel to see the Thakore of Kerwada and the Hon. Mr. Gulam Hussain. They then returned to Peerbhoy Mansion about 11 a.m. Mr. Pathan gave him certain information. The Poona Legislative Council was to meet about 11-30. He suggested Mr. Pathan should dress for the Council. Gulam Ahmed was then with witness and told him that great pressure had been put on Mr. Pathan in the morning by Mr. Jinnah and Ebrahim but Mr. Pathan remained firm, that afterwards Mr. Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer gave him Rs. 500 in order to persuade Mr. Pathan to give his vote to Mr. Jinnah. He did not show witness the notes. Witness advised him to return them as soon as possible which he agreed to do. Gulam had great influence with Mr. Pathan. Rashid was not there then. Witness left about 11 a.m. for the Council with Mr. Pathan. About 2 p.m. Rafaid returned to the Council Hall. They took Mr. Pathan to have tea at Cornaglia's. While having tea Mr. Pathan agreed to go and stay at witness' house and Rafaid and witness and accordingly returned to Peerbhoy Mansion and took Mr. Pathan's luggage with Gulam and servant to his house. At this time Oomer Saheb told him all that had transpired at Peerbhoy Mansion. Oomer said he had seen the money, but not that he had seen it paid. That evening he asked Gulam whether the notes had been returned and he said they had been. Witness told him it would be necessary to make this statement in writing. Next he saw Gulam on the 24th July at witness' house, Mr. Pathan was with him. The matter of Rs. 500 was again referred to between him and Gulam. Witness told him he was collecting material to send a petition to the Viceroy and asked him for his statement in writing. Gulam said he was coming to see him after the Id and asked if that would do. He said he was fasting and praying on account of the Ramzan Id and therefore he did not write the story then. Witness met Risaldar Monahar Khan in Goota Street, Poona, on 5th August, and the latter told him that he had met Gulam in Bombay at Rafaid's place and that he would come to Poona shortly to give his story in writing. Gulam arrived on 7th August. Witness saw him on the evening of 7th at witness' house. On the evening of 8th about 8 p.m. witness saw Sahaudin and told him to bring Monohar Khan. He sent his servant Farid for them. They came into his sitting room in which was a writing table. Gulam Ahmed and Oomer Saheb were present.

Shown Gulam's letter witness said Gulam Ahmed wrote it. He gave him no drugs. He wrote quite voluntarily. No draft of letter was made. All those present read it. On 10th witness went to Bombay with Gulam to Rafaid's house. Gulam told Rafaid that he had given his story in writing. Witness sent his petition to the Viceroy on 14th August. On 25th August a complaint was filed against him about the letter in the Cantonment Magistrate's Court. The first he heard of the investigation ordered by the Government was from the press on the 23rd or 24th August. The allegations in Gulam's complaint were false. His statement about Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer in the complaint was from information he had received from the Chief Kazi of Poona. In past elections Ebrahim Haroon had worked for him but he was a rival candidate on the last occasion. Witness did not know if Mr. Jinnah was assisting Ebrahim in the April election. As far as he could say Ebrahim had only canvassed for him, and also for Mr. Jinnah. He had not seen Gulam since 18th August.

MR. RAFIUDIN'S CANVASSING TOUR.

Cross-examined by Mr. Jinnah he said he had no promises of votes in writing. He went in the beginning of June, about 10th or 12th to Sind, to canvas votes. Messrs. Edroos, the Thakor of Kervada, Mr. Pathan and Khan Bahadur Pirbux's votes were unconditional promises to him. They broke their promises.

Mr. Jinnah:—Did you not tell the Thakor of Kervada that in my speech in the Imperial Council on the Marriage Bill I had denounced the Koran and did he not say if this was true he would break his promise to me?

Mr. Binning objected to the question and advised his client not to reply.

Mr. Rafiud'n said he would follow the advice of his counsel and decline to answer.

At Mr. Jinnah's request Moulvi Rafiudin was asked to leave the court while Mr. Jinnah explained why he had asked the two questions which Moulvi Rafiudin declined to answer. Mr. Jinnah said at that time he had six promises in writing and if Moulvi Rafiudin said he had five he was not telling the truth. Moulvi Rafiudin went to Broach to see the Thakor Saheb and told him that he (Mr. Jinnah) had denounced the Koran. The Thakor Saheb wrote to him and he promised to show the Thakor Saheb the printed copy of the proceedings. It was only when he showed the Thakor Saheb these proceedings in Poona that he was convinced and gave him his vote.

Moulvi Rafiudin now returned and went on giving his evidence. He said said Ebrahim Adamjee had promised to vote for him but he did not keep his word. What witness said was true and he could not say if Ebrahim Adamjee's statement that he had not promised him his vote was not true. Witness knew Hakim. He gave witness his statement in writing on 26th or 27th June. Mr. Pathan and Gulam remained with witness three or four days from 20th June. He trusted Gulam Ahmed when he said he would give his statement. Witness never asked Gulam for his statement during those three or four days when Mr. Pathan came to Poona. In July he went to Raj Mahal Hotel With Gulam and servant. As witness was not in Poona Mr. Pathan went to Raj Mahal. He again stayed three or four days with witness who again asked Gulam to give his story in writing. Gulam Ahmed was praying almost the whole day. He took his meals with witness. Gulam took 10 minutes to write his statement. It was not against the Mahomedan religion to write any statement during the Ramzan. Witness did not know why Gulam did not give his statement at that time. Witness only asked him once in July. It was not true that he had never asked Gulam for his statement in writing either in June or July.

VISIT TO PIR CHISTI'S

Witness did not hear that Gulam had made contrary statements to Ebrahim Haroon on 10th August. Gulam went with witness straight to Rafaid's place in Bombay. He went straight to Rafaid's because Gulam resided there. Witness believed he stayed at the Shah Jehan Hotel on that occasion. He wrote his petition from Bombay and posted it on the 13th August. He could not say whether he went to Bombay between the 13th and the end of August. He could not say whether his memory was good. It was absolutely false that he was informed on 9th August that Gulam had made contrary statements and that he therefore took him to Bombay on the 10th. It was not true that he took Gulam to Rafaid in order to get him to make an affidavit. He did not find Pir Chisti on the station. It was at the end of August that he met him. He went to Pir Chisti to find out where Gulam was. He could not say if Pir Chisti had great influence with Gulam. Witness did not know where Pir Chisti lived before this. It was not a fact that Gulam was residing with Chisti at this time. He did not go to Pir Chisti between 9th and 13th August and asked him to tell Gulam to make his affidavit.

Cross-examined after lunch Mr. Rafiudin said he saw Abdul Rashid at Peerbhoy Mansions about 9-30 on 28th June. Witness came to Poona by the 7-30 p.m., train on the 6th or 7th August. He thought he was in Bombay on the 6th or 7th August. Gulam Ahmed did not say what time he came to Poona but he was not in witness' train. He did not go to Bombay on 6th August to bring Gulam to Poona. He could not say what he did in Bombay on 6th or 7th August without looking over some papers. He could not say whether he met any one in Bombay on 7th August. He had no conversation about the writing with Gulam after his return to Poona. On the morning of 8th August he had a conversation with Gulam, who himself said he was willing to give the writing. Witness did not ask him to give the writing then, as he wanted others to be present. Gulam had mentioned the matter to Monohar and so witness wanted Monohar to be present. Witness had finished his dinner. Gulam had his meals in his room. Gulam must have had his dinner before Monohar arrived, but witness did not see him having it. Gulam was sitting with witness when Monohar arrived. Witness offered them no refreshments of any kind.

Mr. Jinnah:—Is it not a fact that Gulam Ahmed was most unwilling to give the writing and that he was made to do so under coercion?

Witness:—It is a lie. The whole of Gulam's statement in his complaint before the Cantonment Magistrate is a lie.

Continuing witness said Gulam never told witness and witness never asked him when he returned the notes. He never understood that Gulam had accepted Rs 500 to influence Mr. Pathan's vote. Witness thought that Gulam had the money with him. When he told him about it witness did not take charge of the money as it concerned Gulam. He did not take the matter seriously at the time as he was in a hurry to go to the Council. It was a case of bribery, or attempt at bribery. Gulam was free to leave witness' bungalow from 7th to 10th August when he liked.

At this stage the Court rose for the day.

AUSTRALIA AND COMPULSION

MR. HUGHES' VICTORY FORECASTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

MELBOURNE, Oct. 26.

Official reports from all States forecast a conscriptionist victory. Enthusiastic crowds witnessed a thousand troops of the expeditionary force marching through Melbourne streets, including a fine body undergoing compulsory training, who are dubbed "Huges' Own."

RECRUITMENT DURING WAR.

100,000 COMBATANTS SUPPLIED BY PUNJAB.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

In his speech at Kangra on Wednesday Sir Michael O'Dwyer said since the war broke out the Punjab had furnished 1,00,000 men to the combatant army in addition to thousands of followers and non-combatants. In response to a recent and sudden demand by the military authorities the Punjab had in the first fortnight of October raised over 10,000 men for service as "Sarians" "Drabis," etc., in Mesopotamia, a feat of which the Government and the people of the Punjab might be equally proud.

REPATRIATION OF GERMAM WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

In the House of Commons Mr. Samuel stated that 12,350 German women and children had left Great Britain since the war began.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 27.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Major A. T. Gage, I.M.S., Director, Botanical Survey, has been granted leave for 70 days. Mr. H. G. Carter will officiate.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. P. Avery has been posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Railways.

Mr. C. V. Raman becomes Deputy Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, Calcutta.

Mr. M. E. Watts is posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs Calcutta.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Major A. G. Sargent, I. M. S., is posted to Burma.

Official and Personal.

The Anjuman-i-Islam schools were closed on Thursday as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Kazi Abdul Karim Porebundri. The deceased was one of the oldest members of the Managing Committee of the Anjuman, and also one of its principal donors. The Karimia Library founded in the Anjuman Hall at a cost of about Rs. 30,000 was a precious gift from him to the Anjuman. He has also left property worth about Rs. 25,000 for the maintenance of the library.

DIWALI DAY FIRE AT KARACHI

PRINCIPAL CLOTH MARKET BURNT DOWN.

DAMAGE OF SEVERAL LAKHS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

Following last night's Diwali illuminations a fire broke out in the busiest quarter of the city of Karachi this morning with the result that the principal cloth market was burnt down.

It is impossible at this moment to estimate the damage which must in any case amount to several lakhs of rupees.

It is not yet known whether any lives were lost but the debris is now being carefully searched for signs of human remains. Some narrow escapes and brave rescues were witnessed.

Another big fire apparently connected similarly with the Diwali illuminations occurred last night at Shikarpur where several shops and houses in a group were burnt down.

NEW JUTE SCHEME.

DUNDEE IMPORTERS' SUGGESTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

"The Times" learns that a meeting of Dundee Jute Importers' Association resolved to suggest that the War Office abandon the scheme of Government's buying jute and that the spinners buy their own jute provided that Government requisition the tonnage.

NEW BRITISH LOAN IN U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The new British loan will be floated in New Work in November. It is fixed at sixty million sterling, interest 5½ per cent. Half of the issue will have currency for three years and half for five years. The terms are regarded as indicating improvement in British credit in the United States as the war progresses, in spite of heavy borrowings now totalling 160 millions.

HOSPITAL DESTROYED IN QUEBEC.

SEVERAL CHILDREN KILLED AND INJURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

FARNHAM (QUEBEC), Oct. 26.

A fire, which is attributed to a defective chimney, has destroyed the St. Elizabeth Hospital here. Most of the 350 persons in the building escaped by jumping from the windows.

Twenty-five children were injured through jumping from the third storey to the pavement. Five children were killed and fifteen are missing.

ST. ANDREW'S UNIVERSITY.

GENERAL HAIG NOMINATED FOR RECTORSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

General Haig has been nominated for the Rectorship of St. Andrew's University.

NEW ZEALAND MINISTERS AT CABINET MEETING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The New Zealand Ministers Messrs. Massey and Ward attended the Cabinet yesterday.

DUTCH EAST INDIES.

REBELLION AT DJAMBI PRACTICALLY ENDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

THE HAGUE, Oct. 26.

Official information indicates that the rebellion at Djambi has practically ended and that the ringleader has been captured.

GRAMAPHONE RECORDS IN ABORIGINES' LANGUAGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Sir George Grierson gave gramophone records to the Royal Asiatic Society yesterday in the languages of the aborigines of Chota Nagpur and Sonthal Parganas taken by order of the Government of Bihar and Orissa. Sets of records will be available to students at the India Office, British Museum and Royal Asiatic Society.

It is hoped that other local Governments in India will follow the example of Bihar and Orissa.

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HORRORS OF VIVISECTION.

WHAT 'T REALLY MEANS.

AN APPALLING RECORD.

A pamphlet has just reached me (writes Mr. Sydney Beard in the "Herald of the Golden Age") which records some of the doings of vivisectors in America. It is attested and signed by two eye-witnesses (Miss Henritetta Ford Ogden and Miss Bertha Ogden, of Philadelphia), and is published officially by the American Anti-Vivisection Society—the Committee of which is doubtless satisfied that the recital is a correct representation of facts. As many people labour under the illusion that physiological research by experimentation upon animals is a humane and creditable undertaking, and as misguided philanthropists endow this nefarious system of torture by liberal donations and bequests, a wider publication of this record may possibly do some good by stimulating public protest against such unmitigated and cowardly brutality

The narration is as follows:—

"By making the acquaintance of the Kennel Keeper of the Pathological Laboratory of the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine, Samuel S. Guyer, for the purpose of investigating the kennels, we, the undersigned, were enabled to visit the animal house nearly every other Sunday for twenty-five (25) months from March 19th, 1911, to April 6th, 1913, and this is what we saw:

"In addition to several rooms where monkeys, cats, rabbits, sheep, pigs, guinea pigs, rats, mice, etc., were kept, we saw nine rooms devoted to dogs. Six of these rooms were about 24 by 14 feet and contained twelve cages, supposedly for individual dogs, but often containing two or three to a cage; the other three rooms were a trifle smaller and contained eight cages. These cages (4 by 4 ft.), were built against a cement wall on a cement floor with front sides of heavy wire grating. They contained a low wooden bench and a sprinkling of sawdust. Of the dogs in these cages about half on an average (say 50 to 75) were dogs which had been experimented upon, and the rest were dogs not yet used. The cages which contained dogs that had been experimented on, had affixed to them cards on which were written the date and character of the experiment and the name of the vivisector

FED UPON GARBAGE.

"These dogs, except such as were being starved for experimental reasons, were fed upon garbage from the cans of the University Hospital, which was contaminated by the presence of throat swabs, poultices and bandages. The well dogs were under varying degrees of excitement, some cowering in fear, some barking and jumping against the front of the cages. Of the injured dogs some were able to stand, but trembled or staggered, others were unable to get up and lay inert on the floors of their cages. Some of them had open wounds in the throat or abdomen; often with broken stitches left hanging from them; some had broken legs or shoulders or backs; some were emaciated through starvation. The following are a few of the experiments, the results of which came under our observation:—

"September 24th, 1911, we saw a brown dog which, according to the card, had been operated on August 24th, 1911, by Dr. Dorance. The bone of the left front leg had been removed, leaving the leg and paw hanging soft and limp. The wound had healed, but the leg was useless and when the end of the bone near the shoulder touched the floor the boneless part lay out like a rag. We did not see this dog again and were told that it died during a second experiment.

"A dark-colored mongrel dog, that was seen in the kennels, in May, 1911, showed a severe case of suffering. The dog was very much emaciated. The upper part of one hind leg had been fractured by vivisectors Solenheimer and Wife—Dr. Sweet assisting or superintending, as Solenheimer was a post-graduate. Two long incisions had been made and sewed up, the stitches were very close together; in one of the incisions they had broken away and the wound gaped open.

"Another very sad case was that of a medium-sized mongrel dog. The upper part of the left front leg had been fractured by the same vivisectors, Solenheimer and Wife. The fractured leg was badly swollen, the incisions had been sewed up with stitches very close together, the wound was suppurating and flowing down profusely. The dog was in great pain, as indicated by position and eyes.

OPERATION ON SPINAL CHORD.

"Between December 5th, 1911, and February 7th, 1912, we saw a large black and tan dog several times, which, according to the card, had been operated upon on December 5th, 1911, by Dr. William B. Cadwalder to injure the spinal cord. The dog had no use of its hind legs and sat down from the middle of its back. It was a pitiful sight as it dragged itself about the cage. This experiment was described at length by Dr. Sweet in the Journal of the American Medical Association, Vol. LVIII., No. 20, May 18th, 1912, where it was stated that it was tested at frequent intervals with electrodes, etc., until February 7th, 1912, when it was destroyed.

"In the middle of December, 1912, a [very] fat, medium-sized, white female dog, [a] bull-terrier variety, was seen in [the] kennels of the Medical School, under [the] name of one of the vivisectors, Dr. [Sweet] Ringer. This dog was soon after [used] for experimentation. After sixty [days] nearly nine weeks had elapsed, [she] was seen again by the same in[vestigators]. During this time it had [wasted away] until it resembled a skeleton covered with skin and hair, although it was still alive. On our entering the cage to stroke its head, it shrank in terror from the sight of a human hand.

A TERRIBLE SIGHT.

"According to S. S. Guyer's statement Dr. Ringer's mode of procedure in his experiments is to put dogs through a course of starvation, allowing them water, but no food, at the same time injecting them with acids. After the dog was kept in the kennels for about two weeks and fed on garbage it was given over to another vivisector, Dr. Pearce, and subjected to a very severe experiment, after which it lived two days. The kennel keeper said that it was the most terrible sight that he had ever seen.

"February 4th, 1912, we saw a dog which, according to the card, was operated on February 3rd, 1912, for transplantation of the peritoneum by Dr. J. E. Sweet and Students Parson and Redmond. The dog was bandaged from neck to tail and was lying on its side on the cement floor with its eyes starting open. We were told that it died that night.

"MOTOR ROOTS."

"In the summer of 1912 two perfectly well dogs were subjected to a spinal experiment, which rendered their hind legs uncontrollable. The words "motor roots" were written on the cards that were fastened on the cages—under the name of Doctor Eisening. The experiment was performed in June and the dogs were allowed to live in this condition until the middle of October, while the vivisector went away on his vacation, although the kennel keeper begged him to have them put away out of their misery before he left the city. One of the dogs dragged his hind legs after him like a strap, while the other was unable to take one natural step during the three months and a half that they were allowed to live in misery.

"One of the frequent and distressing sights to be seen in the kennels was the condition of dogs that had been used for more than one experiment with but short intervals of time elapsing between the experiments. As an instance of this, two dogs of the fox terrior variety, medium size, were used three times by Dr. J. E. Sweet, October, 1912, for inoculation; December 19th, removal of pancreas; December 27th, cut gut. When seen on December 29th, they were in a wretched condition of suffering. They had been unable to eat for several days and were lying stretched out on the cement floor.

A PATHETIC VICTIM.

"A pathetic victim was a tiny, rough-coated fox terrier puppy, weighing about five or six pounds. Dr. Winsor, the experimenter, had fractured the puppy's hip. An ugly wound was visible on the left thigh. The puppy was seen two weeks later and had failed greatly under the suffering endured during that time. The wound was worse and was ground in with sawdust.

"We saw from time to time, October-December, 1912, a dog which was operated on October 23rd, 1912, by Dr. Lynch; operation, removal of sciatic nerve. The legs were inflamed so that it could scarcely walk and the dog was suffered greatly.

"January 26th, 1913, we saw a dog which had been in good health December 29th, 1912, whose card stated "December 31st, 1912, operation—transplanation pancreatic duct. Operators, Drs. Sweet and Peet—January 21st, 1913—repeated operation. The dog was in a wretched condition, terribly shrunken and fallen away, an awful sight to look at. The wound in the abdomen was not bandaged, the stitches had broken away, and the incision, which was four or five inches long, gaped wide open. The dog tried to lick the wound and then, in his effort to settle himself on the cement floor of his cage, trembled pitifully.

"April 6th, 1913, we saw a specified case of suffering and distress, a dog which had been experimented on March 25th, 1913, by Drs. Sweet and Peet; operation, removal of left kidney. The dog was lying on a wooden bench in his cage, cold and bleeding, and slowly dying in a room-ful of noisy dogs."

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Where is there a woman who has not heard it said that if a man had to endure half the ailments, pains and anxieties that a woman suffers from time to time he would die under the strain. This very probably is true, women owing to the delicacy of their organic construction do suffer acutely, in some cases at intervals, in other cases for the greater part of their life.

While a good deal of this suffering in women is difficult to account for, still a very great deal of it is simply and solely due to weakened kidneys and bladder, both of which organs are subject to greater strain and more liable to derangement in a woman than in a man. Women, further, suffer considerably because, from an altogether disproportionate amount of modesty, they prefer to suffer in silence rather than to make their condition known to others, even of their own sex, on such matters.

Sometimes their suffering becomes so acute that they are driven to search diligently for something which will bring even temporary relief. Fortunately many women use sound common sense and their own judgment in regard to the treatment of their peculiar ailments.

"I suffered terribly with kidney and bladder weakness, and rheumatic pains for over ten years. The sufferings I went through were a trial. I became very depressed and absolutely unfit for anything, even my household duties. Knifelike pains seemed to catch me in the back; at times they would come on so severe as to make me quite helpless. I was really in a very bad state. I tried anything and everything I heard of, different remedies and treatments of all kinds, but nothing seemed to do me any good.

"I had heard a good deal about De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills and what a wonderful remedy they were for suffering womankind, so I decided to get a box and give them a trial. The results were most astonishing, gravel and sediment were brought away after the first two doses, and I got wonderful relief. I persevered with the pills and I gradually got brighter and better day by day. They completely cleared away the bladder pain and kidney trouble, and the rheumatism that I had completely left me. This is now a year and a half ago and I have not had the slightest twinge of pain since. DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, in my case, have proved a veritable Godsend for they have absolutely cured me. Knowing how much good they have done me

MRS. WYKES (from photo).

know, I have been the means of bringing relief to a great many women who suffered as I did. They worked a splendid cure in my case and I shall always gladly recommend them wherever I go. My health continues to be very good."

Another lady living quite near to Mrs. Holt was similarly afflicted. At No. 23, Victoria Street, Nuneaton, lives Mrs. Wykes who was suffering in a similar way to Mrs. Holt. "For over eleven years," says Mrs. Wykes, "I suffered with terrible kidney trouble, and most acute backache pains. At various times through this long period of suffering I have been in a very bad condition, pains striking me across the back and loins; to stoop was torture and every action was a trouble. It was just as if a vice had got hold of me and was screwing me up. I tried many remedies, first one and then another recommending me to different things, but nothing seemed to touch my case. During the early part of 1913 I heard of De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, and I determined to give them a trial, I am

De Witt's proved a veritable Godsend. They absolutely cured me.

I have been able to speak most highly of them, and am very pleased to be able to recommend them to other women who suffer as I did."

Mrs. Holt, the lady in question, who lives at 20, Windsor Street, Nuneaton, was cured about Christmas, 1912, now over three years ago. On April 18th, 1916, she said, "I can gladly confirm all that I have said previously about the wonderful efficacy of De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Not only did I derive such prompt relief from them, but through letting other like sufferers relief, and I am pleased to say that I have done so, because for the past 12 months I have been absolutely clear of my old complaint and have not had the slightest trace of any kind of backache."

Nearly three years afterwards—April, 1916—Mrs. Wykes said, "De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills did me permanent good, there is not the slightest doubt about that; I always recommend them with a strong feeling of gratitude for what they have done for me."

Here is the testimony of two women who have known, each a different kind of case, but in both cases the same organs—weakened kidneys—were at the bottom of it.

Many people have kidney trouble and do not know it and would be glad to know how they could recognise whether they really have any form of kidney trouble. Here are the ways to tell: Have you a nasty taste in your mouth the first thing in the morning, puffiness under the eyes, general feeling of weakness and irritability, aches and pains in various parts of the body, have you constipation, cloudy urine, or sharp stabbing or aching pains—a pain "as though my back will break?" These are the sure and certain symptoms of kidney trouble, and those who suffer from backache, rheumatism, gout, sciatica, gravel, cystitis (inflammation of the bladder), or pains in the muscles and joints, are all suffering these pains through weak or diseased kidneys, for these are positively the symptoms of kidney trouble.

Suffering men and women should always bear in mind that to cure any kind of kidney or bladder trouble you must positively make sure that your remedy does really touch the kidneys and bladder. Whatever remedy you use must pass right through the kidneys and bladder, and not through the bowels, as most kidney pills do. When you see the urine changes to a muddy bluish colour—a feature which distinguishes De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills from all other kinds—you know, beyond all doubt, that they have put their healing touch on the right spot—the kidneys and the bladder. These wonderful pills, going straight to the kidneys give such amazingly quick relief every time. They are gentle and yet penetrating, searching yet soothing, and a permanent cure follows in almost every case. You can understand that when a proved remedy, such as De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, have penetrated right into every crevice of the kidneys and bladder, carrying their healing properties with them. It is only common sense to believe you will get just the same benefit as did Mrs. Holt and Mrs. Wykes if you give them a fair trial.

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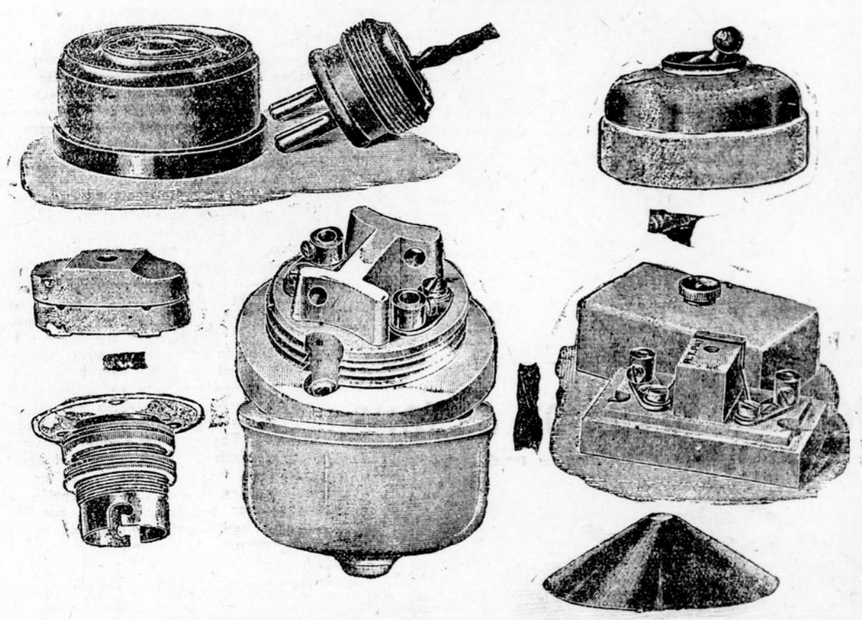

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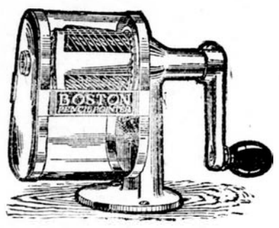

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LORD BRYCE ON VICTORY.

THE CONDITIONS OF PEACE.

Lord Bryce was the chief speaker at the Autumnal Assembly of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, which was continued at Birmingham on Oct. 3. The proceedings opened with a series of addresses, and Lord Bryce, taking as his subject "The Church and International Relations," said:—

I do not propose to speak to you about the war, for the country is practically unanimous in holding that it must be prosecuted to victory, a victory so complete as to open a prospect of enduring peace. What I wish is to ask you to reflect on the grave questions which will arise when we come to make a treaty of peace. I have three things to say about the treaty of peace and the policy to be followed thereafter. Let us repress the spirit of hatred. We are justly indignant at the way in which the enemy Powers have waged war. We trust that our victory will warn the world that such methods must never be resorted to again, and that those guilty of them will be punished. But is it wise to talk of banning a whole people for all time to come? The German people are under a harsh and tyrannous rule, which has not only deceived and misled them, but silences any protest—and there are those who wish to protest—against its crimes. Some day, we hope, they will overthrow it, whe they have learnt the truth. To indulge revenge will be to sow the seeds of future wars. Nations cannot hate one another for ever, and the sooner they cease to do so the better for all of them. We must of course take all proper steps to defend ourselves in future from any dangers that might arise if after the war the enemy countries were to resume an insidious hostility. That is at present no more than a possibility which may never arise.

But the talk we now hear about starting, after peace has been concluded, a new war of trade to follow the war of arms has immense capacities of mischief. Such a trade war would embitter afresh hatreds that ought to be allowed to die, and it assumes the continuance of those very things from which we expect our victory to deliver us once for all, To prolong hatreds would increase suspicions, would compel the maintenance of enormous armaments, would lead in time to a recurrence of those very calamities from which we are suffering. Let us consult reason rather than passion. If severe terms have to be imposed, let that be done only so far as is necessary for securing future peace not in the vindictive spirit which, in perpetuating hatreds, would end by relighting the flames of war.

In settling the terms of peace, let us as far as possible respect the principles of nationality. Contentment and tranquillity are most to be expected where frontiers follow feelings. Can any international machinery be created after the war is over whereby the peoples that desire peace can league themselves to restrain aggression and compel a reference of controversies to arbitration or conciliation? The Prime Minister, the Foreign Secretary, and the First Lord of the Admiralty have already expressed the need for some such machinery, and several groups of thinkers have been working out schemes for the purpose.

NEUTRAL COOPERATION.

To establish any machinery for preserving peace in the future would be impossible without the co-operation of neutral States, and especially of the greatest of all neutral States. We have been waiting and watching to see whether America would, in view of the immense interests at stake, depart from her old policy of complete isolation and bear her part in the efforts for securing a permanent alliance for peace. An influential league for that purpose has already been formed there. And now two momentous events have happened on which I dwell because they have been little noticed here. President Wilson delivered four months ago a powerful and luminous speech in which he announced that the United States could not stand aloof from a movement in which the highest interests of manhood were concerned. and that he felt sure the people of the United States were prepared to join in any feasible scheme for the prevention of future wars. Two months ago Mr. Charles E. Hughes, in accepting his nomination as candidate for the Presidency by the Republican Party, declared with no less force and no less sincerity that he was convinced the time had come for America to unite with the European countries in a well-considered scheme for applying methods of arbitration and conciliation to the securing of general and permanent peace in the world. Our people, and the statesmen who lead our people, could have no greater encouragement to address themselves, when the time comes, to this enterprise, which they have already pronounced to be necessary. I ask your help to bring the matter before the people, and to show them how much we and every nation have to gain by removing the terror and danger of war which has so long hung like a black cloud over Europe. The churches could do no more truly Christian work. Let not this war have been fought in vain. Let us search for, and try to put into practice, some scheme for reducing, and if possible at last for ending, this oldest and most terrible scourge of mankind.

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PLANNERS OF VICTORY.

SIR DOUGLAS HAIG.

A PEN PICTURE OF "D. H."

It is a strange—an almost incredible—thing that the man who has written this shining page of history should be so very little known to the British public. When, in succession to Lord French, Sir Douglas Haig assumed command of the British Army on the Western front he was mainly familiar to the public through his exploits as a dashing leader of cavalry. Except to those in military authority his knowledge of the scientific aspects of modern warfare was scarcely known at all. But cavalry work has never been an obsession with the Commander-in-Chief. All aspects of warfare have always fasci-

The map at which the German Chancellor told the world to look as evidence of German victory is altering very rapidly today under the brilliant leadership of General Sir Douglas Haig, whose reduction of the Somme fortresses of Thiepval and Combles, the latter in conjunction with our gallant French Allies, is assuredly one of the greatest feats of arms in history.

nated him, and whether it be in organisation, tactics, or strategy there is no problem that will find him unprepared or unready. Cool, patient, gifted in a high degree with the power of concentrating on the problem immediatly at hand, fiered with a passionate enthusiasm for the plendid spirit of the armies under his command, imperturabable as is the way of men of his race, the occasion created by the retirement of Lord French plainly found in him the man for whom it called.

Sir Douglas Haig had already been severely tested in the war. Appointed to command the First Army Corps, he was instantly tried—and tried very highly indeed—before Mons, where he got his corps away with comparatively small losses. From then until the time of his appointment as Commander-in-Chief, in every grave emergency on the British front he bore the brunt of most of the fighting and invariably exhibited the highest qualities of leadership.

NO DETAIL TOO SMALL.

The strain of those days has told upon him very little. To-day, surrounded by a group of the best experts our Empire can provide, most of whom have had twenty-five months' war experience, he is in daily conference with them from morning until late at night. His fingers are never far away from every button in the wonderful system of communication which his genius has established throughout the length and breadth of the war zone to link up the whole vast military machine. Even on his daily exercise ride he has one or other of his staff experts by his side. No detail is too small for his personal attention; no crisis too great for an immediate decision. Swift in decision, resolute in action, unerring in his judgment, yet sparing of words withal, he is an ideal leader for our new armies under the new conditions.

Born in 1861, Sir Douglas Haig is a member of an ancient family of the Kingdom of Fife. From Clifton he proceeded to Brasenose, Oxford, and joined the 7th Hussars in 1885. He also passed the Staff College with distinction. His first war service was in the Sudan in 1898, where he obtained promotion. In the South African War he earned instant fame as a cavalry leader, and was in the battle of Elandslaagte, the operations round Colesberg, the relief of Kimberley, and at Paardeberg. He returned from that country with the brevet rank of lieutenant-colonel, and was twice mentioned in despatches. He was promoted major-general in 1904. Subsequently he held various important commands at home and in India, In the latter country he was Chief of Staff from 1909 until 1912, when he was transferred to the Aldershot command, which he occupied until mobilisation took place in 1914.

In his earlier career death came near him many times. "Lucky Haig" was his sobriquet in those days. This, however, had reference to incidental things. It is not luck but sheer ability and a rare capacity for the handling of men that has placed him where he is to-day.

The personality of the Commander-in-Chief has a marked appeal for our French Allies. He is, says the writer of a recent glowing tribute, "the man of the 'Push,' a general who believes in the advance, in dealing blows, and in the offensive. He is a tough customer. He is the perfect type of cavalry soldier, the kind that in our soldiering days the regiment used to call 'the Ironside'—strapping, broad-chested, with splendid calves, apparelled in perfectly polished brown leather top boots, on which clink silver spur chains. He is a stern leader, but his decision is remarkable. Under Sir Douglas Haig the British Army will never go to sleep."

NO WORDS WASTED.

A companion, though more intimate, portrait is furnished by a recent English visitor to the Commander-in-Chief at Headquarters. "Lithe and alert" he writes, "Sir Douglas, known throughout the Army as 'D.H.,' is known also for his distinguished bearing and good looks. He has blue eyes and an unusual facial angle, delicately chiselled features, and a chin to be reckoned with. There is a characteristic movement of the hands when explaining things Sir Douglas does not waste words. It is not because he is silent or unsympathetic—it is because he uses words as he uses soldiers, sparingly, but always with method. When he is interested in a subject, as in talking of his gratitude to, and admiration of, the new Armies and their officers, it is not difficult to discern that he is what is known north of the Tweed as a Fifer. . . . . A Fifer is one of the many race types that have helped to build up the Empire, and is probably the best of all for dealing with the Prussian. . . . Fifeshire is the home of the national game of Scotland, and it is the imperturbability of the Fifer that makes him so difficult to beat in golf, in affairs, and in war."

It is the same writer, who relates how the Commander-in-Chief has gathered around him at the nerve-centre of the war a staff of experts who are practically "a band of brothers" in their intimacy of communion.

"When history relates the story of the great battles of the Somme," he writes, "it will tell how Sir Douglas Haig and his staff had their headquarters in a modest dwelling, part of which was still occupied by the family who owned it. Thus it is that the voices of children running up and down the corridors mingle with the ceaseless murmur of the guns and the work of the earnest little company of men whose labours are never out of the thoughts of their countrymen throughout the Empire."

That is a picture which we may well treasure in the memory in these days of victory.—"The Daily Mail."

SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON

A MAN OF STRATEGY.

Associated with Sir Douglas Haig in so many ways, Sir William Robertson, his junior in age by one year—he is fifty-six years of age—has yet another, and an earlier, link with the Commander-in-Chief: they are bracketed as two of the ablest graduates of the Staff College.

The discovery of Sir William Robertson is one of the greatest and outstanding romances of the war. And yet he is not really a "war" discovery. Before the war came the present Chief of the Imperial General Staff—"Wully," as the Scots soldiers call him—was already marked down in military circles as a man predestined for high office and great responsibilities. His associates knew him for one of the most earnest and advanced students of the problems of modern warfare in the whole of the British Army. This fact, indeed, had official recognition in 1910, when he was appointed head of the Staff College, through which he had passed in 1898. That was indeed a dramatic advancement for the man who had entered the British Army as a private soldier in its ranks.

At the Staff College Sir William Robtson's lectures were regarded as models of soldierly precision and simplicity of thought. Study for the mere acquisition of information, indulgence in hair-splitting dialectics—these things he swept aside as so much waste of time for men concerned with the serious business of killing, and concentrated on the teaching of war rather than on its theory. He was an ideal teacher for the officers of that old Army whose traditions are being so brilliantly carried on to-day by the not less gallant officers of the newer organisation.

Probably never in the whole of our history has there been a soldier of equal eminence to Sir William Robertson who is so little known to the mass of his fellow-countrymen. "Who's Who" gives him a quarter of a column of small type but that is all compact of details of service and achievement. Reams have been written about lesser men; but, notwithstanding this lack of publicity, the public has long been aware, in a sub-conscious sort of way, of the enormous influence of this untiring worker, well out of the range of the limelight, in securing the welfare and assuring the victory of our forces in the field.

GENIUS FOR ORGANISATION.

Organisation is a passion with Sir William Robertson. He has a genius for it. He knows the Army in all its branches because he has served in the Army in all its branches. Transport he knows, and Intelligence. He understands the men in the ranks because he started his military career as one of them. He knows the commissioned officers equally well because he has trained them at the Staff College and watched their work while they were under his command in other spheres.

There is one thing that may be said of Sir William Robertson, that whoever else the war found unprepared he was ready. The task of organising and equipping the vast Armies that sprang so magically into being left him undismayed. Even in those days his was the brain that planned, the hand that fashioned, many of the influences which are now giving us success. Red tape for him existed only to be cut. Efficiency was his watchword. Many great things are due to him to-day, and not the least of these is the fact that our Armies are better fed and better looked after than any other Army that has ever taken the field.

To-day Sir William Robertson, who during the earlier period of the war was Chief of Staff in France, sits in his room at the War Office directing the work of five million British soldiers on all our battlefields and in our training grounds at home. His is the intelligence that foresees, the mind that plans, the hand that controls. It is a tremendous responsibility—a position calling for a higher talent of organisation, a more scientific knowledge of the art of warfare, than has ever previously been demanded of any soldier in a like case.

Questioned as to the nationality of the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, the man in the street would probably hazard a lucky shot with "Scottish." This, however, is not the case. Sir William Robertson, of Scottish extraction, is a native of the Lincolnshire village of Welbourn. His education in its early stages was acquired at a private school. Study was a passion with him, and in his early days in the Army practically the whole of his scant pay was expended upon the purchase of books. Gifted with a remarkable memory the acquisition of languages was to him a matter of comparative ease. India afforded him his first opportunity in this regard. To acquire a knowledge of the languages of the north-west tribes he engaged a teacher to instruct him at so much a lesson. Thus when the Afridis rebelled his knowledge of the Afridi language made him invaluable in a Staff position. His interest in the study of languages, however, did not cease with the close of his career in India. It is said—one does not know with what amount of truth—that when he wanted to learn French he had a list of a thousand words made out and memorised them when he was walking, riding, or dressing—this, of course, merely as a ground-work on which to enable a teacher to begin his instruction.

"NO NONSENSE ABOUT HIM."

In the South African War Sir William Robertson had a brilliant carrer. In a Staff position of great importance he won new distinctions in a champaign which

(Continued in Column 2.)

(Continued from Column 3.)

was notoriously the grave of established reputations. Upon his shoulders most of the work of organisation devolved in that land of vast distances. So far as the public was concerned it was work that went unrecognised; so far as the Army was concerned it was work which helped in no small measure to make victory secure.

All through his career there has been no looking back for Sir William Robertson. He has gone steadily on from success to success.

A Spartan simplicity characterises the office in which to-day he is directing the operations of our vast and victorious Armies. The most complete sympathy and confidence exist between Sir William Robertson and the Commander-in-Chief in the Field. The problems of one man are thoroughly understood by the other. For our successes they are jointly responsible. Like Sir Douglas Haig, the Chief of the General Staff is also sparing with words. Like him again, his working day goes all round the clock.

His personality is an attractive one, and for the highest tributes to his efficiency one has to go to those with whom he is in close and immediate association. "There is," says one, "no nonsense about him; he will not be drawn off into immaterial or irrelevant discussions." Another associate gives his distinguishing characteristic in two words—"Common Sense."—"The Daily Mail."

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All this time MICHELIN has been supplying Tyres to the Allied Governments.

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MICHELIN is manufacturing shells and bombs for aeroplanes, etc., and is also helping by his large supplies of tyres to the British, French, Belgian and Italian Armies.

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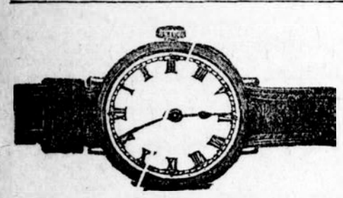

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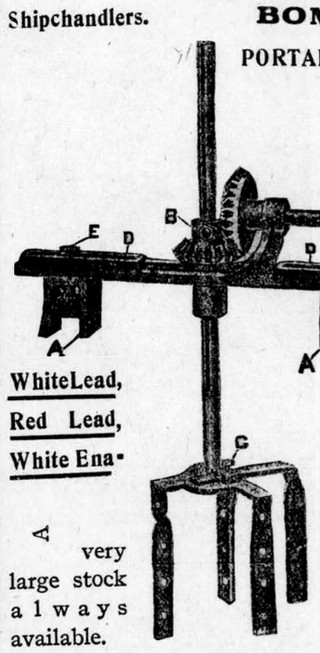

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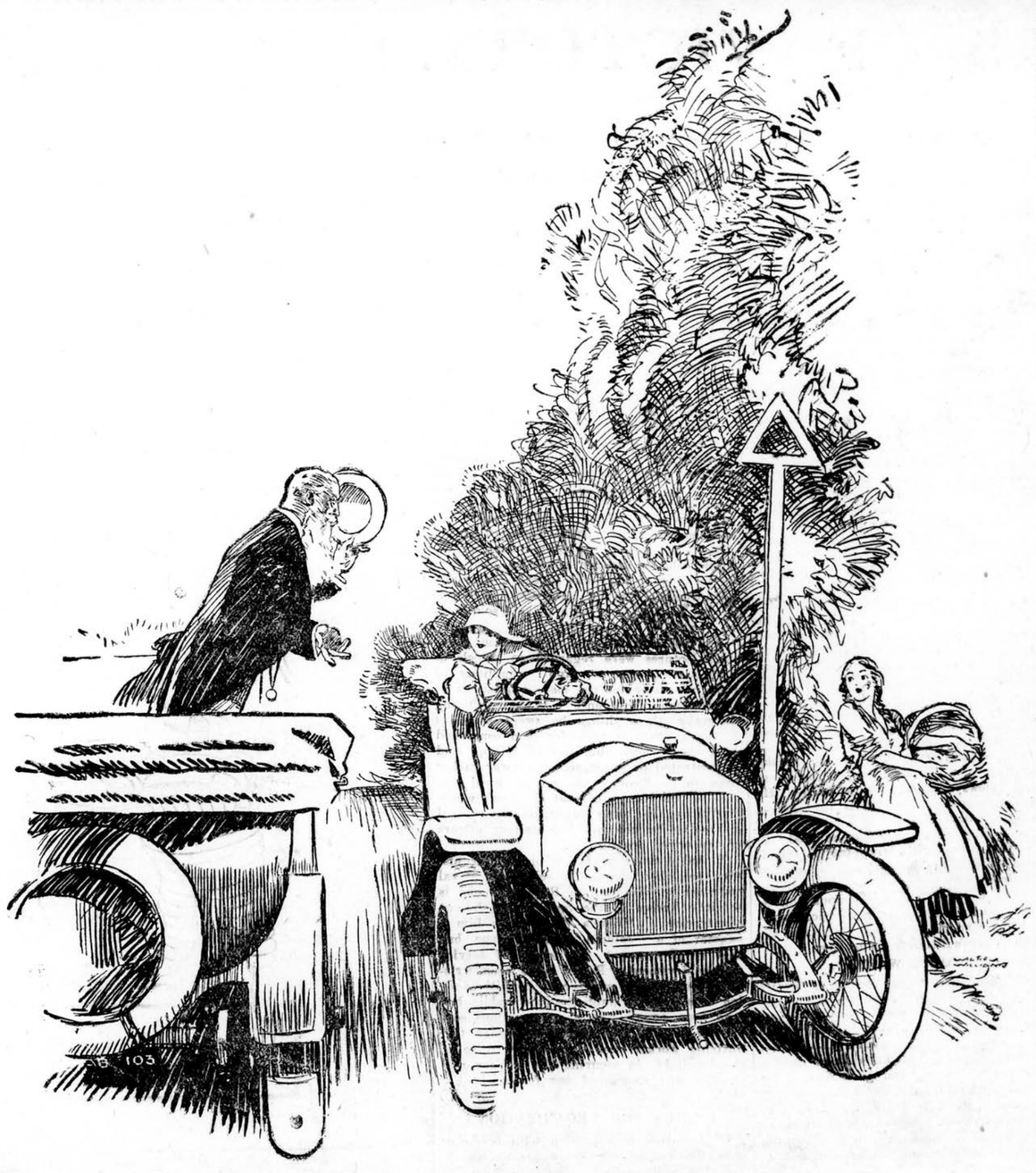

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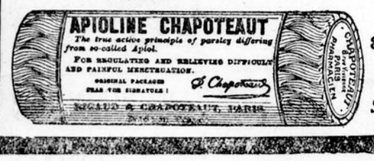
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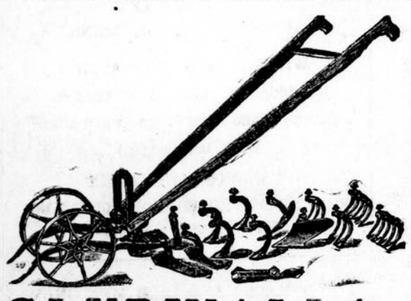

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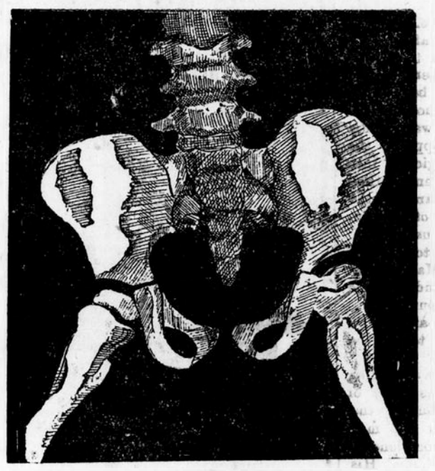

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